THE GETTYSBURG COMPILER,

A Democratic Family Journal,

IS PUBLISHED EVERY MONDAY MORNING,

BY HENRY J. STAHLE.

"Truth is Mighty, and Will Prevail."

TERMS OF PUBLICATION.—$2 00 per annum, if paid strictly IN ADVANCE—$2 50 per annum if not paid in advance. No subscription discontinued, unless at the option of the publisher, until all arrearges are paid.

ADVERTISEMENTS inserted at usual rates.

JOB PRINTING of all kinds done with neatness and dispatch.

OFFICE in South Baltimore street, between Middle and High, near the Post Office—"Compiler Printing Office" on the sign.

Professional Cards.

Dr. D. S. Peffer,

ABBOTTSTOWN, Adams county, continues the practice of his profession in all its branches, and would respectfully invite all persons afflicted with any old standing diseases to call and consult him.

Oct. 3, 1864. tf

Dr. F. C. Wolf,

HAVING located at EAST BERLIN, Adams county, hopes that by strict attention to his professional duties he may merit a share of the public patronage. [Apr. 3, '66. tf

Dr. C. E. Goldsborough,

HAMPTON, Adams county, Pa., renews his offer of professional services to the public, and those requiring medical and surgical aid will find it to their interest to consult him. [May 21, 1866. tf

Dr. J. W. C. O'Neal's

OFFICE and Dwelling, N. E. corner of Baltimore and High streets, near Presbyterian Church, Gettysburg, Pa.

Nov. 30, 1863. tf

Dr. J. E. Enser,

HAVING located on the Hanover road, ONE MILE EAST OF GRANITE HILL P. O., Mountpleasant township, Adams county, Pa., offers his professional services to the public.

June 18, 1866. 3m

Drs. A. B. Dill & B. F. Herman

HAVE associated themselves in the practice of Medicine and Surgery, and respectfully tender their professional services to the citizens of Petersburg and vicinity.

Petersburg, Y. S., July 2, 1866.

J. Lawrence Hill, M. D.,

HAS his office one door west of the Lutheran church in Chambersburg street, and opposite Dr. C. Horner's office, where those wishing to have any Dental Operation performed are respectfully invited to call. EXPERENCES: Drs. Horner, Rev. C. P. Krauch, D. D., Rev. H. L. Baugher, D. D., Rev. Prof. M. Jacobs, D. D., Prof. M. L. Stover.

DENTIST.

Gettysburg, April 11, '53.

Edward B. Buehler,

ATTORNEY AT LAW, will faithfully and promptly attend to all business entrusted to him. He speaks the German language. Office at the same place, in South Baltimore street, near Forney's drug store, and nearly opposite Danner & Ziegler's store

Gettysburg, March 20.

J. C. Neely,

ATTORNEY AT LAW.—Particular attention paid to collection of Pensions, Bounty, and Back-pay. Office in the S. E. corner of the Diamond.

Gettysburg, April 6, 1863. tf

D. McConaughy,

ATTORNEY AT LAW, (office one door west of Buehler's drug and book store, Chambersburg street.) ATTORNEY AND SOLICITOR FOR PATENTS AND PENSIONS. Bounty Land Warrants, Back-pay suspended Claims, and all other claims against the Government at Washington, D. C.; also American claims in England. Land Warrants located and sold, or bought, and highest prices given. Agents engaged in locating warrants in Iowa, Illinois and other western States. ☞Apply to him personally or by letter.

Gettysburg, Nov. 21, '53.

Law Partnership.

W. A. DUNCAN & J. H. WHITE,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW,

Will promptly attend to all legal business entrusted to them, including the procuring of Pensions, Bounty, Back Pay, and all other claims against the United States and State Governments.

Office in North West Corner of Diamond, Gettysburg, Penn'a.

April 3, 1865. tf

Globe Inn,

YORK ST., NEAR THE DIAMOND,

GETTYSBURG, PA.—The undersigned would most respectfully inform his numerous friends and the public generally, that he has purchased that long established and well known Hotel, the "Globe Inn," in York street, Gettysburg, and will spare no effort to conduct it in a manner that will not detract from its former high reputation. His table will have the best the market can afford—his chambers are spacious and comfortable—and he has laid in for his bar a full stock of wines and liquors. There is large stabling attached to the Hotel, which will be attended by attentive hostlers. It will be his constant endeavor to render the fullest satisfaction to his guests, making his house as near a home to them as possible. He asks a share of the public's patronage, determined as he is to deserve a large part of it. Remember, the "Globe Inn" is in York street, but near the Diamond, or Public Square. SAMUEL WOLF.

April 4, 1864. tf

Railroad House,

NEAR THE DEPOT.

HANOVER, YORK CO., PA.

The undersigned would respectfully inform his numerous friends and the public generally, that he has leased the Hotel in Hanover, near the Depot, formerly kept by Mr. Jeremiah Kohler, and will spare no effort to conduct it in a manner that will give general satisfaction. His table will have the best the markets can afford—his chambers are spacious and comfortable—and he has laid in for his bar a full stock of choice wines and liquors. There is stabling for horses attached to the Hotel. It will be his constant endeavor to render the fullest satisfaction to his guests, making his house as near a home to them as possible.—He asks a share of the public patronage, determined as he is to deserve a large part of it. Remember the Railroad House, near the Depot Hanover, Pa. A. P. BAUGHER.

Oct. 2, 1863. tf

Cannon's

MARBLE WORKS,

On Baltimore street, Nearly Opposite the Court House,

GETTYSBURG, PA.

Every description of work executed in the finest style of the art.

June 4, 1865. tf

Great Reduction in Prices,

FAHNESTOCK BROTHERS

are now selling

GOOD CALICOES AT 12½ CENTS,

BEST UNBLEACHED MUSLIN AT 28 CTS.,

and all other Goods in proportion.

If you want CHEAP Goods, now is the tim to buy them.

Call at once.

FAHNESTOCK BROTHERS.

Gettysburg, Mar. 26, 1866.

Reduced Prices,

PIANOS, CABINET AND AMERICAN ORGANS. Superior tuned 7 octave PIANOS from $550 upwards. ORGANS from $30 upwards. All instruments selected, recommended and sold by me, additionally guaranteed. Illustrated circulars sent by mail, when desired. P. BENTZ,

No. 30 East Market Street, York, Pa.

Mar. 12, 1866.

TRY Dr. R. HORNER'S Tonic and Alterative Powders, for HORSES and CATTLE Prepared and sold only at his Drug Store.

January 25, 1864.

Gettysburg Compiler.

BY H. J. STAHLE. GETTYSBURG, PA., MONDAY, AUG. 13, 1866. 43TH YEAR.—NO. 46.

Soluble Pacific Guano.

200 LBS. SOLUBLE PACIFIC GUANO contains 70 lbs. *animal matter*, yielding 7 to 8 lbs. *ammonia*.

Also 80 to 90 lbs. *earthy bone Phosphate of lime*, 30 lbs. of which are *soluble phosphate*.

It combines all the advantages of the *best brands* of Super Phosphate, with those of Peruvian Guano.

By reason of its greater *concentration*, we recommend 20 per ct. less by weight to be used per acre, than of any fertilizer costing the same per ton; and no more per acre than of those selling at 20 per ct. more per ton.—Hence *its economy*.

This guano weighs 65 lbs. per bushel, hence in applying it farmers must be governed by weight and not by bulk, for it is much lighter than the Super Phosphates. *Every cargo duly inspected.*

JOHN S. REESE & CO,

GENERAL AGENTS FOR THE SOUTH,

71 *South Street, Baltimore.*

"Flour of Bone."

WE will give a *money* guarantee of the *purity* of this article. It is pure *unsteamed, unburnt bone*, reduced to the *fineness* of *flour*, which adds 100 per ct. to its value. It is as *quick* and *active* as acid *dissolved bone*, hence its value is vastly greater, because it contains neither acid nor water, which necessarily add weight, and reduce the quantity of valuable elements. We recommend 250 lbs. to be used in place of 300 lbs. Super Phosphate or dissolved bone.

JOHN S. REESE & CO.,

GENERAL AGENTS FOR THE SOUTH,

71 *South Street, Baltimore.*

☞McCurdy & Diehl, Agents, Gettysburg.

Mar. 12, 1866. 3m

Cabinet Furniture.

THE subscribers hereby inform their customers and the public generally, that they have now on hand, and continue to manufacture to order,

CABINET FURNITURE,

which, for style and durability, finish and price, will compete with any in the county.—Our present stock consists of every variety of Furniture usually kept in a first class Furniture Ware Room. Fashionable, ornamental or plain Furniture manufactured in the most substantial manner, by most experienced workmen, and at the lowest cash prices.

UNDERTAKING.

Having a new Hearse, particular attention will be given to this branch of their business. They are prepared to make and furnish Coffins of any desired quality, and attend Funerals at the shortest notice—and on such terms as cannot fail to please all.

The subscribers return their thanks to the public for the liberal patronage extended to them in the past, and hope to merit and receive a continuance of public patronage.

Shop and Ware Room third building east of the Square. H. FETE & BRO.

Littlestown, April 16, 1866. tf

Pianos! Pianos!

PIANOS!—The undersigned would respectfully inform the public that he can furnish PIANOS of the following manufacturers, or those of other make, if desired, at the lowest possible prices:

CHICKERING & SONS,
DECKER BROS.
HAZLETON BROS.
HAINES BROS.
GEO. STECK.
A. H. GAHLE & CO.
STEINWAG & SONS.

☞Particular attention is given to the selection of Pianos; and when so selected, in addition to the manufacturers' guarantee, the Pianos *are guaranteed by me.*

MASON & HAMLIN

CABINET ORGANS AND MELODIANS.

The recent improvements in these instruments are such as to fully warrant saying they are FAR SUPERIOR to any other make. One of the best evidences of their merit is, that their improvements are imitated by other makers. The new style, four stop organ, have a Sub-Bass and Octave Couplet, making it an instrument especially adapted to Church and Sabbath School purposes.

DESCRIPTIVE CIRCULARS

will be sent by mail to persons desiring them. Pianos tuned regularly. Pianos taken in exchange. PETER BENTZ,

No. 30 East Market St., York, Pa

June 12, 1865. 1y

Fresh Arrival.

HATS, CAPS, BOOTS & SHOES.

COBEAN & CO.

have just received and opened another splendid assortment of HATS, CAPS, BOOTS and SHOES, for Summer wear, which they are selling at very low prices considering the times. The latest styles of Summer Hats and Caps, of every description and price. Boots and Shoes, of superior make, and warranted to fit, always on hand. Work made to order and repairing done on short notice, by experienced workmen. Also,

HARNESS MAKING,

carried on in all its branches. Persons wanting anything in this line would do well to call.

☞Don't forget the old stand in Chambersburg street, if you want Bargains.

COBEAN & CRAWFORD.

June 19, 1865.

Fresh Supply.

NEW GOODS AT REDUCED PRICES!—A. SCOTT & SONS have just received another fine assortment of NEW GOODS, consisting, in part, of Cloths, Cassimeres, Cassinets, Kentucky Jeans, and Tweeds, for Gentlemen's wear. Also, a fine assortment of

LADIES' DRESS GOODS.

Our stock has been selected with great care, and we are prepared to sell as cheap as any other establishment in the country. We ask the public to give us a call and judge for themselves. We defy competition, both as to quality and price. A. SCOTT & SONS.

April 2, 1866.

Carriage-making Business.

THE war being over, the undersigned have resumed the

CARRIAGE-MAKING BUSINESS,

where they are again prepared to put up work in the most fashionable, substantial, and superior manner. A lot of new and second-hand CARRIAGES, BUGGIES, &C.,

on hand, which they will dispose of at the lowest prices; and all orders will be supplied as promptly and satisfactorily as possible.

☞REPAIRING

done with dispatch, and at cheapest rates.

A large lot of new and old HARNESS on hand for sale.

Thankful for the liberal patronage heretofore enjoyed by them, they solicit and will endeavor to deserve a large share in the future.

DANNER & ZIEGLER.

July 10, 1865. tf

Buggies and Carriages.

THIS WAY! THIS WAY!—The undersigned is engaged in the Carriage-making business, at the corner of Chambersburg and West streets, Gettysburg, and invites all who may need anything in his line to give him a call. He puts up, in the very best manner, Falling-top and other BUGGIES, and all the different styles of CARRIAGES. With a full knowledge of the business, and a determination to give satisfaction, the public can rely upon his jobs being good. He will endeavor to deserve a large share of patronage, and hopes to receive it.

REPAIRING done at the shortest notice, and on most reasonable terms. ☞Country produce will be taken in exchange for work.

CHARLES E. GILBERT.

Gettysburg, June 4, 1866. tf

PURE SILVER WARE and SILVER PLATED WARE of the very best quality, a new assortment just received. Call and see it. J. BEVAN,

Opposite the Bank, Gettysburg.

THE ROSE FARM

AT PUBLIC SALE.—On SATURDAY, the 18th day of AUGUST, 1866, at 1 o'clock, P. M., the undersigned will offer at Public Sale, on the premises, the celebrated "Rose Farm," located 2 miles south-west of Gettysburg, on the Emmitsburg road, containing in all 236 ACRES, more or less, on which are erected a large Two-story STONE HOUSE, with Stone Kitchen attached, Stone Bank Barn, Wagon Shed, Hog House, Spring House, near the dwelling with an excellent Spring, and other improvements. There is a great variety of all kinds of fruit on the premises—two Peach Orchards in their prime, with Apples, Pears, Cherries and Plums in abundance. There are a number of fine Springs of never-failing water on the Farm, supplying almost every field with water. The land is in a high state of cultivation, having been recently heavily limed and manured.

The property consists of two tracts adjoining each other. That on which the buildings are erected contains 186 acres, with about 70 acres of fine Woodland, and lies east of the Emmitsburg road. The other tract contains 50 acres, and lies west of the Emmitsburg road, and all in good farming condition.—They will be sold separately or together, to suit purchasers.

This is one of the most desirable properties in the county, being convenient to markets, Mills, Churches, Schools, &c. Its fine location, with its Springs and Groves, would make a most desirable site for a summer resort, or a boarding house for parties during the Summer. It is located near to Round Top, and on that part of the Battle-field where the fiercest of the conflict raged, giving it a historic interest which may be of great value to the owner.

It will be sold on easy terms and the attention of capitalists is directed to it, as we believe it to be a rare chance for those wishing to invest. For further particulars call upon the undersigned, residing thereon, or address him by letter at Gettysburg, Pa.

G. W. ROSE, Agent.

Aug. 6, 1866. 4s

VALUABLE FARM

AT PUBLIC SALE.—On SATURDAY, the 18th day of AUGUST next, the subscribers, Agents for the heirs of Jacob Wolf, deceased, will sell at Public Sale, on the premises, the following real estate of said decedent, viz:

A FARM, situate in Tyrone township, Adams county, one mile west of New Chester, and half a mile from Myers' Mill, adjoining lands of Henry Myers, Thomas Ehrehart, and others, containing 156 ACRES, more or less—with a good proportion of heavy Timber and Meadow. The improvements are a good Two-story BRICK HOUSE, Bank Barn, Wagon Shed, Corn Crib, Spring House, Smoke House, and other out-buildings. A good well of water at the door, and a good Spring near the house.

Persons wishing to view the property will call on Henry Osborn, residing near Gulden's Station.

☞Sale to commence at 1 o'clock, P. M., on said day, when attendance will be given and terms made known by

HENRY OSBORN,
JOHN WOLF,

July 30, 1866. ts* Agents.

Well-improved Farm,

IN JEFFERSON COUNTY, VA., FOR SALE.

Desiring to change my business, I offer for sale the FARM upon which I reside, 3 miles southeast of Charlestown, Jefferson county, Va., and 2 miles from the Shenandoah river, containing about 350 ACRES OF LIMESTONE LAND, 60 in fine Timber; under good fencing. The improvements are first rate. The DWELLING was finished in 1860, and contains 14 rooms. The out-buildings are of a character to suit the farm, and comprise a good BARN, Corn and Carriage House, Quarters, Tenents' Houses, Brick Smoke and Ash Houses, Stone Spring House, Poultry Houses, &c., and all under cypress roofing.

Two fine Springs near the house, one in the yard; cistern at the door; never-failing stream through the farm, passing through the barn-yard; 2 young orchards of choice fruit, containing about 250 trees.

I would call the attention of any one wishing a well improved farm to this property—which can be divided into two farms, with buildings on each, and fine water. Any person wishing to see the land will call on D. Humphreys & Co., in Charlestown, who will direct them to it.

JAS. LAW. HOOFF.

July 9, 1866.

Howard Association,

PHILADELPHIA, PA.—Diseases of the Urinary and Sexual Systems—new and reliable treatment. Also the BRIDAL CHAMBER, an Essay of Warning and Instruction, sent in sealed envelopes, free of charge. Address Dr. J. SKILLIN HOUGHTON, Howard Association, No. 2, South Ninth Street, Philadelphia, Pa. [Oct. 2, 1865. 1y

The Far Famed

"UNIVERSAL CLOTHES WRINGER."—Besides the great saving of Labor, the saving in the wear and tear of clothing in a single year, more than amounts to the price of this Wringer. It is strange that any family should be willing to do without it. For sale at FAHNESTOCK BROS., and at C. H. BUEHLER'S. [Feb. 19.

Lawrence D. Dietz & Co.

WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

FANCY GOODS,
NOTIONS,
HOSIERY and
VARIETIES,

No. 508 West Baltimore Street,

Between Howard & Liberty Streets,

May 7, 1866. Baltimore, Md.

Cheese! Cheese!

SWITZER, Limberger and English Cheese, can always be had at KALBFLEISCH'S,

June 11. next door to the Post Office.

Estey's Cottage Organs

ARE not only unexcelled, but they are absolutely *unequalled*, by any other Reed Instrument in the country. Designed expressly for Churches and Schools, they are found to be equally well adapted to the parlor and drawing room. For sale only by

E. M. BRUCE,

No 18 North Seventh St., Philadelphia.

☞Also, BRADBURY'S PIANOS, and a complete assortment of the PERFECT MELODEON. [Oct. 2, 1865. 1y

PRICES REDUCED to suit the times at the Excelsior Skylight Gallery.

I. G. TYSON.

DR. HORNER'S FRAGRANT MYRRH preserves the Teeth, cures all diseases of the gums and purifies the breath.

ALL kinds of PICTURES, large and small, neatly and correctly copied at the Excelsior. I. G. TYSON.

A SUPERIOR quality of the best Louden Draft HAMES, with or without fastenings, for sale by D. McCREARY & SON.

Selected Poetry.

WHERE THERE'S A WILL THERE'S A WAY.

It was a noble Roman,
In Rome's imperial day,
Who heard a coward croaker
Before the castle say:
"They're safe in such a fortress;
There's no way to shake it!"
"On—on!" exclaimed the hero,
"I'll find a way, or MAKE IT!"

Is FAME your aspiration?
Her path is steep and high;
In vain he seeks her temple,
Content to gaze and sigh;
The shining throne is waiting,
But he alone can take it
Who says, with Roman firmness,
"I'll find a way, or MAKE IT!"

Is LEARNING your ambition?
There is no royal road;
Alike the peer and peasant
Must climb to her abode:
Who feels the thirst of knowledge,
In Hellicon may slake it,
If he has still the Roman will
To "find a way, or MAKE IT!"

Are RICHES worth the getting?
They must be bravely sought;
With wishing and with fretting
The boon cannot be bought;
To all the prize is open;
But only he can take it
Who says, with Roman courage,
"I'll find a way, or MAKE IT!"

In LOVE'S impassioned warfare
The tale has ever been,
That victory crowns the valiant—
The brave are they who win;
Though strong in Beauty's castle,
A lover still may take it,
Who says with Roman daring,
"I'll find a way, or MAKE IT!"

Agricultural & Domestic.

DRAINING.

The importance of draining is not properly understood nor duly appreciated among us. Although water is indispensable to vegetation, too much of it is quite as hurtful as too little. It is necessary to the germination of the seed—to the decomposition of vegetable matter in the soil—to the transmission of food to the plant, to its circulation there and to the maturity of the product.

All these useful purposes are defeated when water remains in the soil to excess—the seed rots, the vegetable matter which should serve as the food of the crop remains insoluble in consequence of the absence of heat and air, which the water excludes; or if the seed grows the plant is sickly for want of its proper food, and there is consequently a virtual failure of the harvest.

It is not from the surface that we are to determine whether the land is sufficiently dry to support a healthy vegetation, but we must examine the under stratum from which the plants draw their nourishment. If this is wet, if it grows marshy plants, if water will collect in a hole sunk fifteen inches below the surface, the land is too wet for cultivated crops, and means should be taken to render it more dry.

Cold, sour lands are invariably wet if not on the surface, then in the subsoil. Wet lands are generally rich lands, because the presence of water has prevented the decomposition of the vegetable matter, which when the surplus water is drawn off becomes food for the growing crops.

Let me suppose a case which will be found to exist in many portions of the country. There is a slope of a little hill half a mile in extent, terminated by a flat through which a little brook runs.—The soil of this slope is from eight to ten inches deep, of a porous quality, resting upon an impervious subsoil. Near the top of this slope, all along on a horizontal line, or perhaps lower down, "spouts" or springs burst through the subsoil, the waters from which finding easy passage through the loose porous soil of the slope and flat, soon find their way to the brook. A thermometer plunged down to the subsoil in midsummer will indicate a temperature of not more than sixty, whereas most of our crops require a temperature of at least seventy or eighty. How shall we remedy this evil and render this land productive? Simply by running a drain across the slope just above where the land is too wet, and thus conduct the water into the brook through a harmless channel.

Some will object to this on the ground that it will cost too much, but to such I can give nothing better than the Scotchman's answer to a similar objection, "that it costs more not to do it."

Nor does the benefit of the drain cease when the surplus water has been removed, for it admits the air into and through the soil to a degree which would surprise those who have no experience in such matters. The draft of a two inch tile drain one hundred rods long is more than sufficient to put out a lighted candle, and of course this air must find its way through the soil or the draught would not exist. And as the air always contains more or less moisture it will of course deposit this moisture when it comes in contact with the cooler earth, and in a dry time will keep the soil moist, just as we see the moisture collect upon the outside of a cool pitcher on a warm day in harvest.

In fact draining makes wet soil dry and dry soil wet, as has been proved by myself.—*Cor. Germantown Telegraph.*

Choice Miscellany.

Petroleum for Asthma.—A correspondent of *The Country Gentleman* writes to that journal: "I have a son, six years old, that had the asthma in the most distressing form for three or four months when he was one or two years old. We tried everything we could hear of without getting relief, till we were told to rub his neck and breast with petroleum, and we used it both crude and refined, experiencing very speedy relief and a final and *permanent* cure; for he has not since had a return of it, and is now a very healthy child."

Prolific.—The LeRoy *Gazette* says:—The wife of John Michaels, of Bethany, finished hoeing potatoes on Friday, and on Monday gave birth to three daughters—one weighing 11½ another 11½, and a third 10½—all as lively as Guinea pigs.

SOLDIERS' CONVENTION.

RESOLUTIONS ADOPTED BY THE JOHNSON-CLYMER SOLDIERS' CONVENTION AT HARRISBURG.

Gen. Davis, from the Committee on Resolutions, reported that though the committee had been long engaged in their task, yet that was owing to the simple desire that this expression of opinion should be unanimous, as he felt happy in saying, it was. (Cheers.) The resolutions they had to propose were as follows:

Whereas, The convention, managed and controlled by politicians, which assembled in Pittsburg, on the 5th of June last, pledged the officers, soldiers, and seamen of Pennsylvania to the support of the Radical disunion members of Congress, and as opposed to the just and constitutional restoration policy of President Johnson;

And whereas, The members of the said convention falsely styled themselves the representatives of the soldiers and sailors of Pennsylvania," and presumed to speak for them without authority;

And whereas, The proceedings of the said convention misrepresent the true sentiments of the great mass of the returned soldiers and sailors of this State, and do great injustice to the late defenders of the Constitution and the Union; therefore, be it

Resolved, That we, authorized representatives of our late companions in arms, do repudiate the proceedings of the Pittsburg Convention of the 5th of June, because they do not represent the true sentiments of the officers, soldiers, and seamen of Pennsylvania. (Cheers.)

Resolved, That we hold the same belief now that we did when we took up arms in 1861, and that the war was "a war for the Union," and for no other purpose; that the agreement we made with the government when we took up arms to defend her against armed rebellion is found in the joint resolution of Congress adopted July 22, 1861, which declares that, "This war is not prosecuted on our part in any spirit of oppression, nor for any purpose of conquest or subjugation, but to defend and maintain the supremacy of the Constitution and to preserve the Union, with all the dignity, equality, and rights of the several States unimpaired." This is the bond many sealed with their lives, and many others signed in blood. (Great cheering.)

Resolved, That the failure of Congress to carry into effect this joint resolution, after the war is over, and to restore the Union, "*with all the dignity, equality, and rights of the States unimpaired*," is a gross violation of a solemn compact made with the defenders of the government at her time of greatest need and peril. (Applause.)

Resolved, That we repudiate the action of the Radical Congress, which is an insult to every officer, soldier, and seaman who served in the federal army during the rebellion. Her policy admits that our victories accomplished what the enemy could not—divide the Union—and the fruits of our toil and blood-bought victories turn to ashes in their hands. (Prolonged cheers.)

Resolved, That we cordially indorse the restoration policy of President Johnson, as announced in his annual, special, and veto messages, and as further made known to the country in his treatment of the States lately in rebellion. We believe it to be just and humane, and better adapted than any other known policy to restore those States to their constitutional relations to the Union, and bring renewed peace, happiness, and prosperity to the country. It is in keeping with that generous treatment which a magnanimous victor always extends to a brave foe. (Cheers.)

Resolved, That the action of Congress in refusing seats to the Senators and Members from the South who bear true allegiance to the Constitution and laws, while that body is engaged in changing the fundamental law of the country in an important particular, is revolutionary in its action; while their conduct in taxing the South without her consent, strikes at the vital principle of constitutional liberty—that there can be no taxation without representation. (Applause.)

Resolved, That we are opposed to negro suffrage. All legislation that has for its object the raising of the negro to a social or political equality with the white man meets our unqualified disapproval. He and his friends should be satisfied that the war has given his race the boon of freedom, and should not aim to control the destinies of the country. (Prolonged cheers.)

Resolved, That we return thanks to Almighty God for giving victory to the federal armies over armed insurgents, and we congratulate the country upon a return of peace. It is as much our duty now to use our best endeavors to heal up the wounds of the rebellion as it was to take up arms in defence of the Union. (Applause.)

Resolved, That we deny that John W. Geary is the soldiers' candidate for Governor of Pennsylvania. He is the choice of the Radicals who are now plotting to destroy the Union we perilled our lives to preserve. The men who placed him in nomination, and who are now his most active supporters, repudiate the object of the war by declaring the South out of the Union. By accepting their nomination he assumes their principles, which violate everything he professed to contend for in the field. (Cheers.)

Resolved, That we endorse the nomination of the Honorable Hiester Clymer, (cheers) Democratic candidate for Governor of Pennsylvania, because he is a man of integrity, and a Statesman of experience, and approves the principles we advocate. We call upon our late companions in arms in this State to rally to his support, for his election will be an endorsement of the cause for which we fought and bled, while his defeat will be a defeat to the cause of the Union.

Resolved, That the Radicals in Congress, professing to speak for the majority of the people, have recently testified their preference for the negro by appropriating monies to support him in idleness, by the payment to him of a bounty of $300, and their repudiation of the white soldier and his claims, by the passage of a bounty bill allowing but $100 to him, without even a provision appropriating money for the payment of the same, thus disregarding his faithful and patriotic services, and demonstrating to the country their belief in the assertion that "the negro bears the palm." (Cheers.)

Resolved, That we the soldiers of Pennsylvania, in Convention assembled, do return our sincere thanks to the Hon. Charles R. Buckalew and Hon. Edgar Cowan, our representatives in the Senate of the United States, for their noble conduct in sustaining the President's policy of reconstruction. (Cheers.)

The resolutions having been read, were adopted amid great enthusiasm, the Convention refusing to consider them separately.

☞Edward Shriver, Esq., of Frederick, has been nominated by the President, and confirmed by the Senate, as Postmaster at Baltimore.

☞The *Statesman* says the Democratic prospect in Ohio is bright and daily improving.

CLYMER VOTED FOR THE SOLDIER VOTING AMENDMENT.

About once a month the Disunion organs resuscitated the falsehood that Hon. Hiester Clymer opposed the Soldiers' Voting amendment. They quote from the Legislative proceedings on the 5th of January, 1864, (the first day of the session,) when the Senate, by a vote of 16 to 16, decided against proceeding to the consideration of an amendment to the Constitution allowing soldiers to vote, the 16 ayes being all "Republicans" and the 16 nays Democrats, among them Mr. Clymer.

The facts are these: The Senate had then just met and was *not organized*. The Senators stood 16 to 16 politically, and neither party could elect a new Speaker. This being the case, the "Republicans" sought to entrap the Democrats into voting *affirmatively* upon one of various resolutions, bills and amendments, *in order to claim the Senate as organized, which would have made the old Speaker, Penny, the Speaker for that session without an election.* Of course whilst the Senate was unorganized the Democrats were justified in voting against any resolution which was intended to virtually take from them a great power in the Senate.

During that memorable contest the Democrats voted against many such bogus propositions and resolutions, amongst the number one tendering the thanks of the people of Pennsylvania to General Grant and the officers and soldiers under him; another inviting the Harrisburg clergy to open the sessions with prayer; another, on the 8th of January, for the reading of the Proclamation and Farewell Address of General Jackson; another tendering thanks to Gen. Meade and the Army of the Potomac; another a joint resolution requesting our representatives in Congress to vote for the passage of a law increasing the pay of private soldiers and non-commissioned officers in the army, &c.

With the same propriety that opposition to the soldiers' voting amendment is charged upon Mr. Clymer by the Disunion organs, it might be asserted, from the votes upon the afore-mentioned resolutions, that the whole Democratic Senatorial delegation were opposed to Gens. Grant and Meade; the armies; Old Hickory, *the apostle of Democracy*; and *the Christian religion!* Nobody but knaves, however, make such assertions and none but fools believe them.

On the 25th of February Mr. Thomas St. Clair was sworn in as a Senator to fill the unexpired term of Col. Harry White, which gave the "Republicans" 17 votes. The Senate was then organized and the various officers elected, but the "Republicans" refused, until March 9th, to take the thirteenth ballot for Speaker, which resulted in the choice of the old Speaker, Penny—the vote standing: Penny 17; Clymer 16.

During the remainder of the session, when the bills and amendments allowing the soldiers to vote were brought up for consideration, Mr. Clymer and the other Democratic Senators used all proper exertions to secure a good law upon the subject—*one which would secure to every soldier the right of choice.* To that end they opposed parts of proposed bills, *designed to make the law grossly partisan*, and submitted amendments which would enable every soldier to vote uninfluenced and *without compulsion or intimidation*, but their efforts were unavailing, and *their amendments were voted down by the miscalled Republicans!*

Notwithstanding the law that was passed is a strictly partisan one, and designed to take from the private soldiers the free right of choice in a great measure, Mr. Clymer, rather than put himself into seeming antagonism to the soldiers' interests, *voted for the bill on its final passage.* Let the *Soldiers* themselves say whether it is such a law as they would have passed, and whether *as Democrats* they had a fair opportunity to vote, and a free unobstructed choice under it. Hundreds of soldiers have declared they had not.—*Patriot & Union.*

Wigwam for the Philadelphia Convention.—A great "wigwam" for the accommodation of the National Union Convention has been erected in Philadelphia. The *News*, referring to it, says:

The plans are now in the hands of the architect. They will be rapidly carried into execution and the building probably completed by the 10th of August. The wigwam will be the most extensive pyramid of canvas ever erected in the United States. It will exceed in size the Chicago Lincoln convention of 1860. It will seat ten thousand persons. A special gallery for ladies will be a prominent feature of the building. It will be erected on the Central Skating Park of Dr. Jansen, at Fifteenth and Wallace streets, and will occupy nearly all of that large quadrilateral. The Convention that is to assemble within three weeks will be the largest and most important body of statesmen ever convened in America. The wisdom and forethought of the National Union Johnson Club of this city in erecting it is commendable. Without it no place of meeting for the convention could have been afforded in the city.

How they Carry out Their Promises.—"Brick" Pomeroy was on a visit lately to Washington. In writing to his paper he says: We look in vain in the several departments for the one-armed crippled or veteran soldiers, who were to be rewarded by the Republican party. The one-armed heroes are not popular. The left-hand writers are not there. Once in a while we found a poor widow in some of the departments—merely to build a newspaper article on for country consumption. But we found hundreds of negroes swarming about these offices—opening and shutting doors, as if those who passed through could not wait on themselves—we found these dusky lambs of Abraham answering bell-calls everywhere—we saw them in the gallery of Congress, scratching their dirty heads, chewing peanuts, and smiling approval on their Radical deliverers. And we saw one-armed, one-legged, and otherwise mutilated white soldiers, selling apples, peanuts, papers, and such stuff on the streets—generously provided for by—*themselves.*

☞Every "Republican" member of Congress from this State voted for Negro Suffrage in the District of Columbia. So also on the bill to admit no more territories as States without Negro Suffrage. GEARY stands upon a platform which endorses Congress. Nay, he is the candidate of Thaddeus Stevens, and has said that he approves all that the latter has said and done in Congress. Now, every man who votes for GEARY votes to endorse Congress, votes to approve Thad. Stevens, *votes for Negro Suffrage!* Will people please bear these *facts* in mind?

☞There are many good farmers who never could make good mechanics; good book-keepers who could never make successful merchants. There are many ripe scholars who can never make good practical physicians; there are good physicians who could never become good lawyers, and *vice versa.* There is something back of an education requisite to success in any profession. The gospel ministry is by no means an exception to the rule.—*W. R. Clark.*

THE NEW ORLEANS

The riot which occurred at New Orleans, Louisiana, on Monday, the 30th of July, was indirectly brought about by an attempt to usurp the functions of the State and people by the revolutionary convention which was brought into existence in 1864, at a bayonet "election" supervised by Gen. Massachusetts Banks, at which *only Black Republicans and negroes were allowed to vote.* The convention met under a strong guard of armed negroes, which was posted both inside and outside the hall. The convention forces had been marshalled, drilled and wrought up to the highest pitch at several preliminary negro suffrage meetings.

Upon the previous Friday and Saturday evenings, mixed assemblies of conventionalists (or revolutionists) and negroes had been addressed by the leading spirits in the negro rights movement—among whom were Dr. D'Ostie, a most violent advocate of negroism, Ex-Gov. Hahn, A. M. Fish, John Henderson, and others. Upon the termination of those meetings the negroes marched through the streets, armed with clubs and pistols, and threatened vengeance upon all opposers of negro rights.

When the Convention met on the 30th the contemplated *coup d' etat* seemed to be upon the point of successful accomplishment, and the conspirators assembled, evidently with high hopes of success, and little if any fears of opposition. A procession of negroes, however, in marching to the hall where the convention had assembled, fell into collision with some white men—originating in a single assault of one of the negroes in the procession upon a whiteman. The police followed the offenders to the hall and endeavored to make arrests, but were driven out and roughly handled—bricks, clubs, pistols and knives being freely used. After getting out they were met by another large body of negroes by whom they were driven down Dryades street to Canal street. There they rallied and drove the negroes back, but were, in turn, forced to retire. Getting reinforcements of police, and a large body of white men joining them, they drove the negroes from the street and appeared in front of the hall, from which a deadly fire was at once poured upon them from the negroes within. The ammunition of those within soon gave out, however, and the populace and police secured possession of the building, the people vowing vengeance against the revolutionists and their negro guards. Numbers of the negroes were killed before they could escape from the building, and several members of the convention were wounded. The police, notwithstanding the hostility of the negroes to themselves, took possession of the members of the convention, and gave them what protection they could from the fury of the people, by temporarily locking them up. The rioting commenced at a quarter past twelve and was terminated at half past three.

Evidently the revolutionists and negroes had calculated too largely upon the intimidating process and negro courage, and mistook the quietness of the people as to their unlawful proceedings for indifference or fear. It required but a single start to show how fallacious were those calculations and reliances, and the demagogues who hoped to usurp the reins of power and hold the State of Louisiana under negro tyranny have been wofully disappointed and completely checkmated.

The following extract from President Johnson's instructions to the Attorney General of Louisiana, dated July 30th, will stop any future proceedings on their part, no matter how much encouragement they may receive from Northern negro suffrage sympathizers:

"You will call on General Sheridan, or whoever may be in command, for sufficient force to sustain the civil authorities in suppressing all illegal or unlawful assemblages who usurp or assume to exercise any power or authority without first having obtained the consent of the people of the State.

"If there is to be a convention, let it be composed of delegates chosen from the people of the whole State. The people must be first consulted—no changing the organized laws of the State. Usurpation will not be tolerated. The law and the Constitution must be sustained, and thereby peace and order."

The *coup d'etat* would not have been so summarily squelched had not the negroes resisted the police in their ordinary duties, and thus given the populace an opportunity to assert the right of the white man to govern. The city contained in 1860 only 144,601 whites to 155,290 free colored and 13,335 slaves—a majority of 24,074 blacks. No doubt their numbers have made the negroes over ambitious and arrogant. It is to be hoped, now, that the lesson of the 30th ult. will profit them much, and show them that Sumner's recommendation to assert their "rights" with arms in their hands is the worst kind of counsel. It is to be hoped, also, that Hahn, Hamilton & Co. will stop their revolutionary attempts for all time to come, for negro suffrage usurpation will not be tolerated.—*Patriot & Union.*

RADICALISM IN NEW ORLEANS.

The Radical members of the Louisiana Convention, which assembled in 1864 to draft a new constitution for the State, desired the President thereof, Mr. E. H. Durell, to reconvoke the Convention this summer for the purpose of taking action on the amendment to the Constitution of the United States, which was passed by the present Congress. This Mr. Durell refused to do, on the ground that his functions ceased when the Convention of 1864 adjourned, and notwithstanding that that body could now have no legal existence. Notwithstanding this refusal, the Convention was called to meet

The Compiler.

GETTYSBURG, PA.:
Monday Morning, Aug. 13, 1866.

FOR GOVERNOR,

HON. HIESTER CLYMER,

OF BERKS COUNTY.

FOR CONGRESS,

HON. J. McDOWELL SHARPE, of Franklin County.

ASSOCIATE JUDGE,

ISAAC ROBINSON, Gettysburg.

ASSEMBLY,

NICHOLAS HELTZEL, Mountpleas't.

SHERIFF,

PHILIP HANN, Straban.

REGISTER & RECORDER,

WM. D. HOLTZWORTH, Gettysburg.

CLERK OF THE COURTS,

ADAM W. MINTER, Franklin.

COUNTY COMMISSIONER,

NICHOLAS WIERMAN, Menallen.

DIRECTORS OF THE POOR,

JOHN NUNNEMAKER, 2 y., Liberty,
JOHN RAHN, 3 y., Conowago.

COUNTY AUDITOR,

HENRY L. BREAM, Cumberland.

CORONER,

DR. WM. J. McCLURE, Oxford.

CONGRESS.

The Democratic Conferees of this Congressional district met at McIlvain's, in Fulton county, on Thursday last. Hon. J. McDowell Sharpe, of Chambersburg, was nominated on the 26th ballot, Franklin, Fulton and Adams going for him.—We preferred the nomination of Mr. McSherry, but will give Mr. Sharpe a cheerful support—and so will the Democracy of Adams. Though received at a late hour, the proceedings of the Conference will be found in another column.

THE PHILADELPHIA CONVENTION.

We could fill column upon column of our paper with the preparations for the great Philadelphia Convention, to commence to-morrow, (the 14th of August.) In every State the best men have been selected as delegates, and the Convention promises to be the most important representative body that ever assembled in the United States. The Radicals are howling at it because it presages their doom, but the masses of the people are looking forward to its deliberations with the most profound interest. We do not believe that they will be disappointed. A Convention embracing all the States, its voice will be *for the whole Union*—one and undivided—and as such will be heard and heeded by the people.

THE PROSPECT.

Everywhere throughout the State the Democracy are rapidly perfecting their organization, and from every quarter we hear the most cheering news. The conservative men of Pennsylvania have resolved that there shall be an end of the rule of radicalism and fanaticism, and to effect that most desirable result they are combining, irrespective of past party ties, Hundreds and thousands of honest voters who have heretofore stood opposed to the Democratic party will refuse to support Geary because they cannot endorse the platform on which he stands and the principles which he professes. He is known and recognized by all intelligent voters as the pliant tool of Thaddeus Stevens, Simon Cameron and *John W. Forney*.

If the full Democratic vote of the State is polled, Hiester Clymer will be elected Governor, so surely as the Second Tuesday of October comes. That must be done. In order that it may be accomplished, there must be the most perfect organization of the party. It is time every township in the State had a well arranged business organization. Let every Democrat who reads this article go to work at once. With a proper effort on our part, we cannot be defeated in the coming election. One grand united struggle will enable us to overwhelm the disunionists and to bury Radicalism in Pennsylvania forever. Shall it be done? It rests with you, reader, to say. You must do your duty, your whole duty. You must work hard from this hour until the election; and you must begin at once. Will you do so?

"THE BOYS IN BLUE."

The grand demonstration of the "boys in blue" at Harrisburg has struck terror to the hearts of the Geary disunionists. It is the handwriting on the wall which portends their utter and overwhelming defeat in October. Before the Convention met they undertook to ridicule it, but since it has proved a magnificent success they have no other resort than *hard lying* to counteract its influence on the people. The Harrisburg *Telegraph*, we should judge, has been employed by its party to *lie* by contract, and for pay. That any editor, however depraved, would do the wholesale lying of the *Telegraph* merely for the fun of the thing, is hardly a supposable case. The work, however, has not been well performed by the *Telegraph*—its lies have been gotten up in a bungling manner for an adept in the business. For instance, it characterizes the Convention as a "failure," a "fizzle" &c., and then calls for a mass meeting of Geary soldiers to "*counteract the influence*" of this "fizzle." If the Clymer Convention was a "fizzle," where is the necessity of counteracting its influence? A "fizzle" could hardly be said to have any influence to counteract.

But all the lying the *Telegraph* and kindred sheets in the State can do will not destroy the influence of this Convention on the October election. It shows conclusively that the hearts of the real soldiers—the rank and file of the army—are with us two to one. It will inspire the conservative masses of the State with fresh courage and lead them to increased exertions in behalf of Constitutional liberty and a restored Union. It is a bright omen of the election of Hiester Clymer by not less than twenty thousand majority.

☞ Ex-Gov. Wm. F. Johnston has been appointed Collector of the Port at Philadelphia. It is said that the present Radical incumbent, Thomas, refuses to give up the office, and will "test the question whether the President of the United States can make such an appointment as William F. Johnston, when no vacancy has happened." Thomas may "get in his metal," but we will wager several big apples that the President wins.

THE SHODDY CONVENTION.

The Radical or Shoddy delegates of this county met in Convention, in the Court-House, on Monday last, and after much difficulty, succeeded in patching up what is universally conceded to be a very weak ticket. Wm. S. Hamilton presided; Col. Wolford and John Cunningham were the Vice Presidents, and Dr. Pierson and J. H. Wert the Secretaries. After making preliminary nominations, the Convention adjourned for dinner.

Although the electioneering was warm in the morning, it reached fever heat during the noon recess. Candidates worked as though they thought a nomination had some value, and the scuffle, to outsiders, became really comical.

The Convention re-assembled at 1 P. M. After much delay and confusion, it was announced that the usurper Koontz ought to be the nominee for another term in Congress.

It was next resolved that P. L. Houck, who last winter tried to make himself believe that he represented something or somebody in the Legislature, be allowed to appropriate to himself a thousand dollars more of the people's money as a slight remuneration for his valuable services and efforts in behalf of *order sufferers!* What a tribute to ignorance and incompetency! Verily, when a man is fit for nothing else, he is, in the estimation of a Shoddy Convention, fit to go to the Legislature.

Michael Reily, *of McSherrystown*, was next nominated, on first ballot, for Associate Judge. There was some consternation when the vote was announced. It seemed to have been utterly unexpected. That it was a gross blunder, many believed, and so said. It has always been *customary for one of the* Associate Judges to reside at Gettysburg, the county seat, so that people from country or town having business to transact with the Court during vacation, may not be put to any inconvenience. But here the interests and convenience of the public are sought to be set aside to make room for a man who, they foolishly suppose, would be able to control a certain vote. What a spectacle of impudent inconsistency, for "the party of grand moral ideas" to nominate for a high and responsible office one whom they proscribed and denounced only a few years ago! Or did they select him under the conviction that *their candidate would be beaten anyhow?*

After several ballots, during which the effort seemed to be to get the *weakest* man for Sheriff, success was announced in the nomination of Daniel Cashman, of Straban. The Republicans may or may not be satisfied with the choice. The Democrats will *certainly* not grumble about it.

For Register and Recorder, the leaders here had long ago fixed upon Cornelius B. Crist, of Menallen, and the arrangement was endorsed, without a word of inquiry into his capacity for the important place.

The struggle for Clerk of the Courts was quite animated, and resulted in the ridiculous nomination of B. F. Kepner, of Franklin. Several aspirants of acknowledged capacity were set aside without a why or wherefore. What a compliment!

For Commissioner, those active party workers, Peter Schively and Jacob Mickley, were given the cold shoulder, and Francis Coulson, of Huntington, was nominated. A very slow nag to run against Nicholas Wierman.

The Convention gave John Mickley, of Hamiltonban, the three-year nomination for Director of the Poor, and that for two-years to Joseph E. Hemler, of Mountpleasant. The latter will hardly thank the Convention for thus delicately snubbing him. He cannot help but know that the lower end is entitled to the three-year term. Who of the managers manœuvred this little trick through, at the expense of Mr. Hemler?

Baltzer Snyder, of Mountjoy, was presumed to be easily satisfied, and therefore was dismissed with the nomination for Auditor.

Although this Borough had quite a number of candidates for the several offices, and is withal one of the most *black* of the Radical districts, the Convention thought it a sufficient expression of liberality to give it the Coroner, and Dr. James Cress was assigned to that place on the ticket.

That this selection of candidates comes up to general expectation, will not be admitted by any candid Republican. It has no element of strength—nothing to commend it to the support of a majority of the people. Besides this, it is made, by the resolutions adopted, to stand upon the Radical-Stevens-Negro platform—a platform which is becoming more and more odious as daily developments reveal the dangerous and revolutionary designs of its authors.

With such a weight upon the Radical ticket, it can stand but little chance of success among a people who are overwhelmingly in favor of the white race governing itself. This, *the principal issue*, cannot be ignored. The elevation of the negro to the level of the white was, during the entire session, the chief concern of the Rumpites, and will be again, *when the election is over*. Every Radical Abolitionist will vote the ticket nominated last Monday, and every vote cast for it will be claimed as endorsing the insane and fanatical measures of the last Congress. It therefore becomes every Conservative in Adams to vote against the Radical nominees, and strive to defeat them by the largest majority ever given in the county. If the people will but arouse to a true sense of the dangers which threaten our country and our race, such a result will most assuredly follow.

☞ The three wealthiest men in New York city—in fact the wealthiest men in the country—Wm. B. Astor, Commodore Vanderbilt and A. T. Stewart—and who hold more Government bonds than three times their number of men any where, are delegates to the National Union Convention at Philadelphia. They understand the value of the Union and a good Government, and hence they repudiate the Rump Disunionists in every possible way.

☞ John Quincy Adams, son of Charles Francis Adams, the Minister to England, headed the call in Quincy, Massachusetts, in favor of the Philadelphia Convention.

☞ Hon. George Ashmum, of Massachusetts, President of the Chicago (Lincoln) Convention of 1860, has been chosen a delegate to Philadelphia.

"THE UNKINDEST CUT OF ALL!"

If those who read the resolutions of the Radical County Convention don't see that McConaughy, the bogus Senator, received the "unkindest cut of all," we have only to say that they don't understand *resolutions*. After a labored attempt to justify the Rump Congress in its revolutionary and disunion course, the resolutions compliment the "hero of Snickersville," and "puff" Koontz, but there is not a word of congratulation, not a word of compliment for McConaughy in obtaining his seat, no defatigable efforts," for the county *himself*. They are silent and omit him as dead; they are silent as the exponent of and doubting him as a fraud and require him his party, they instruct and to vote for *Curtin* U. S. Senator!

"How are the mighty fallen!" But yesterday it was presumed troops of friends excused for obtaining his seat without any right to it. To-day he has lived to see himself "stabbed in the house of his friends"—no one so poor as to mention his name. Look at the resolutions. Has ever man fared worse? He was denounced by Democrats and Democratic papers as a usurper—asked to resign—snubbed by the Governor—hit in a "cheap show"—and condemned by the resolutions of the Democratic County Convention in unmistakable language, they asserting that '*Decency* should suggest to him the propriety of at once vacating a position to which he has no shadow of claim."

And yet with all this, the Convention of his own party refuses to justify or excuse his occupancy of a seat which belongs to another. As though anxious to wipe their hands of the foul act, they steer entirely clear of it.

The Democratic Convention denounced the bogus Senator—the Republican Convention passed over his case in silence—and with the exception of two or three Sancho Panzas in the county, there are none even ready to pity him in this "unkindest cut of all."

If, with all this accumulated information in regard to the feelings of his constituents, D. McConaughy means to hold on to his seat, against the will of the majority—against the Supreme law of the State—against the expressed will of the Democratic Convention and the implied will of his own Republican County Convention,—then in the name of outraged justice, let him hold on—but it will only be to reap the deserved and daily increasing scorn of an honest and indignant people.

THE RADICALS MEAN REVOLUTION!

The public mind generally is already convinced, but the evidence accumulates daily, that the recent riot in New Orleans was a long-planned Radical plot. Indeed, the fact stands confessed—in the rage of the Radical prints over the sudden and final collapse of the scheme, and in the wrath of such Revolutionists as Banks, who swears that the death of the infamous rioter Dostie shall be "avenged." That every preparation was made for the outbreak is evident from the reports which now come by mail of the arming of blacks, the incendiary meetings, the torchlight parades of frantic negroes, and the inflammatory harangues of ranting rioters—all preliminary to and on the very eve of the riot to which they were the incentives and stimulants. All the plans, at Washington and in New Orleans, were as deliberate as they were diabolical. It is history now how summarily the plot was crushed, and with what swift and sure justice the leading local conspirators, and the armed blacks, were checked in their career. And now in the recess of Congress which, fortunately, permits no white-washing committee of investigation, the people will discover from the daily thickening testimony, the objects of the riot, and the results expected by the Radical conspirators.

For the Gettysburg Compiler.

THE DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

FRIEND STAHLE:—The Democratic ticket meets with general satisfaction here. It is one of the strongest and most popular that could have been selected. Indeed, it could not have been otherwise, for the material at the command of the Convention was of the best all around.

Especially are we pleased to present the name of Hon. William McSherry to the Conference for Congress. He is held in high esteem by all parties here, and if he could be the candidate of the District, good bye, Koontz.

Nicholas Heltzel is spoken of by the opposition with respect and his nomination strikes terror among them. They like him as a man, but fear him as an adversary. We think that Mr. Heltzel is a very strong gentleman, and may possibly get some three or four hundred to begin with.

We have some idea also that our friend Robinson will make a better appearance on the Bench than one on the other side. We intend to put him there. Some of the opposition are favorable to him, at least they would not ride through a storm to prevent him from ascending the Bench. He was a good working Representative for us once, and we will make him Judge.

We are much pleased with Philip Hann, and will endeavor to do something handsome for him. He is a competent gentleman, admirably qualified for the office, popular with the people, and must be the next Sheriff of Adams county, if the plough should stand. He will doubtless be the main target at which the Radicals will direct their fire. Lying reports are already circulated, but we will be ready to defend him successfully, and with ease.

Holtzworth is a son of the old Blacksmith, a soldier maimed, and better qualified than the one who is to be his opponent. It would give us much pleasure to have the Blacksmith's crippled boy there.

Mr. Minter is a stranger to us, but we take it for granted that Franklin has given us one of her best men.

Nicholas Wierman we know. He will make a capital Commissioner. Of course he will get a full vote, and a little over.

Messrs. Rahn and Nunnemaker, Mr. Bream and Dr. McClure will also be treated by us as men in whose Democracy, integrity and qualifications we have confidence. They will not run behind the ticket.

Let us rise, Democrats and Conservatives, and elect these men. Let us rise in our strength in this campaign, and break one link in the chain that now is upon the neck of the people. Let us have muslin and calico for 6 cts. Let us for 12 cents, sugar for 6, high licenses, wipe out the stamp, these the Radi-high taxes, and Ens-Forney-Phillips cal-Abolition-S party.

LOWER END.

CONGRESSIONAL CONFERENCE.

A meeting of the Conferees of the — Congressional district, held at the hotel of Jno. McIlvain, in Fulton county, on Thursday, the 9th day of August, 1866, for the purpose of nominating a candidate for Congress, the following were the proceedings:

On motion, Frederick Weimer, of Somerset county, was called to the Chair, Jno. P. Reed, Esq., of Bedford, was elected Vice President, and G. B. Yantis, of Adams, Secretary. The following nominations were then made for Congress:

Hon. A. H. Coffroth was nominated by Jno. P. Reed, Esq.

Hon. J. McDowell Sharpe was nominated by W. S. Stenger, Esq.

Hon. William McSherry was nominated by Dr. C. E. Goldsborough.

Twenty-five ballots were taken without effecting a nomination, the result on each ballot being:—Coffroth 6, Sharpe 6, McSherry 3.

On the twenty-sixth ballot the result was as follows:—Sharpe 9, Coffroth 6—whereupon the nomination was made unanimous.

Dr. C. E. Goldsborough presented the following letter from Hon. Wm. McSherry:

To the Democratic Conferees of Adams county appointed to nominate a candidate for Congress in the 16th Congressional District.

GENTLEMEN:—So far as I have the power, I desire to say to you that it is my earnest wish that you meet your associates in Conference, determined to select as a candidate for Congress such person as is best able to rally around him the support of the gallant Democracy of the district, it matters not who he is, or from what *county he comes*. This is no time to quarrel for the advancement of particular favorites, for vital interests, affecting the future of the country, are at stake. Whatever may be the result of the deliberations of the Conference, assure the gentlemen composing it that their choice shall have my warmest and most cheerful support.

Very respectfully yours,
WM. McSHERRY.

Germany tp., Adams co., Aug. 7, 1866.

On motion of Andrew Burgess, it was

Resolved, That the letter of Mr. McSherry be published with the proceedings of the Conference.

A resolution was then offered by Capt. Wm. Horton, and adopted, returning the thanks of the Conference to Mr. McIlvain, for the abundant provision made by him for "the inner man."

Remarks were then made by different members of the Conference endorsing the nomination of Mr. Sharpe.

The following is a list of the Conferees:

Adams county.—Dr. C. E. Goldsborough, J. L. Shorb, Esq., G. B. Yantis.

Bedford.—Lewis N. Fyan, William Keyser, Jno. P. Reed, Esq.,

Franklin.—Andrew Burgess, Augustus Duncan, Wm. S. Stenger, Esq.

Fulton.—Capt. Wm Horton, Dr. H. S. Wishart, Amos S. Smith, Esq.

Somerset.—Frederick Weimer, Jno. P. Philson, Jno. H. Uhl.

CHARACTER OF THE PHILADELPHIA CONVENTION.

This will be the most important gathering that has been held in this country for many years. In it, for the first time since the better days of the country before the civil war, there will be a meeting of men *from all parts of the land*. It will be no sectional conclave, but a National convention—in the fitting words of the call, a National *Union* Convention.

Its blessed mission is, not to destroy, but to restore; not to feed the flames of sectional hate and perpetuate disunion, but to bring back the old feelings of friendship and good-will between all the sections of our common country.

In that convention will be assembled some of the best men of the South, led by the noble Stephens. There, too, will be such men as ex-Governors Porter, Bigler and Packer of Pennsylvania; Gen. Dix, and ex-Gov. Hunt of New York; Senator Dixon, James E. English, James F. Badcock, and Judges Waldo and Seymour of Connecticut; Chief Justice Woodward and Judges Lewis and Campbell and Black of Pennsylvania; and Ashmun and Beach and Chaplin of Massachusetts; and a host of others, all men of the highest character, from every State in the nation.

These men are from both the great political parties. They meet together on the common platform of the Constitution and the Restoration of the Union. That is the platform on which EVERY PATRIOT can stand.

We hail the Philadelphia Convention as the sure harbinger of glad tidings and a better future for our troubled country.

With the downfall of the Radicals the world will witness the restoration of Right and Justice in the United States of America.—*Hartford (Ct.) Times.*

☞ Geary, the "hero of Snickersville," obtruded himself upon a Sunday School pic nic, held near his residence, at New Cumberland, the other day, and through courtesy was allowed to address the children, being quietly reminded, however, that the occasion was not proper for any display of political rhetoric. He commenced to talk to the little ones, but his religious education probably being defective, he got miserably stuck among the precepts, duties, responsibilities, et cetera, of the narrow way, and broke down completely. With some of the stragetic promptness, however, with which he conducted his *backward movements* in Virginia, he drew from his pocket a manuscript, and commenced to read an attack upon the Reading speech of Montgomery Blair, and garbled extracts from Mr. Clymer's legislative record. The church membership upon the ground, embracing the parents and friends of the children, were deeply mortified, and hung their heads in shame, both at the want of Christian knowledge displayed by the candidate for Governor, and at his lack of knowledge of the proprieties of the occasion, in turning a pious assemblage into a political meeting. Upon that occasion at least he seems to have lost the respect of every one who was present, irrespective of party.—*Patriot & Union.*

☞ The *Genius of Liberty*, published at Uniontown, Fayette county, says:

We have recently heard two gallant and meritorious Republican soldiers of this county, who served under Geary, giving him an awfully bad record both as a man and a soldier, and they spoke it out boldly and publicly on the streets of Uniontown, charging him with tyranny, cowardice and the grossest incompetency for the position for which he has been nominated. Their opinion of the man coincides with and is fully as severe as the denunciations of the returned Mexican soldiers.

☞ The soldiers and people in general will observe that the Bounty bill was only passed because on the passage of it depended the securing of the increased pay to the Rump members. When the bill stood alone, it could not pass; but when the pockets of the members were brought into the question it passed readily. Like a band of pay-*triots*, they gave the soldiers their bounty and voted thereby two thousand additional to each member's pay.—*Patriot & Union.*

A Visit to Antietam Battle-field.—The National Guards of Philadelphia intend to visit the scene of the battle at Antietam, Md., on the occasion of the dedication of the National Cemetery at that place, on the 17th of September.

TOWN AND COUNTY AFFAIRS.

☞ The COMPILER will be furnished for the campaign—from this time until after the October election—at the low price of *Fifty Cents!* Send in the names and the money—singly or by clubs. There is an interesting campaign ahead, and no Democrat or Conservative should fail to be posted when the information can be secured for the small sum of half a dollar.

☞ We direct the special attention of Teachers and Directors to the appointments of the County Superintendent advertised in another column.

☞ We are informed that the report of the appointment of Col. R. C. Swope, as Revenue Collector of this district, is not correct.

☞ John C. Zouck, land agent, New Oxford, has sold 10 acres of land and improvements, belonging to John Heagy, situated on the Carlisle Turnpike, to John U. Ruff, for $2,650.

☞ Our friend, Abraham Plank, of Cumberland, has our thanks for a basket of choice pears. They were first-rate, like Clymer stock.

PIC NIC.—The Sunday School connected with the Catholic Church had a pic nic at Wolf's Spring on Wednesday last. Young and old enjoyed themselves highly.

HORSE STOLEN.—A fine horse was stolen from Major Culbertson, in Carroll's Tract, week before last. The thief was pursued to Frederick, where he was arrested, and the horse recovered.

MONEY ORDER OFFICE.—The Postmaster General has made the Gettysburg Post office a Money Order office. This will prove a great convenience to our citizens. Persons wishing to send small amounts of money to any portion of the United States, not exceeding $50, can safely effect their purpose by depositing the money in the Post office here, receiving an order for the amount to be paid by the Postmaster of the place to which it is sent. The fees charged are 10 cents for amounts not exceeding $20; over $20 and not exceeding $50, 25 cents.

COMMENCEMENT.—The College Commencement, last week, attracted a large number of ladies and gentlemen from abroad. On Sunday, the Baccalaureate was delivered by Dr. Baugher. On Tuesday afternoon, Dr. Brown delivered the "Holman Address on the Augsburg Confession," and in the evening Profs. Hay and Valentine were installed. The Junior exhibition came off on Wednesday morning, the following being the programme:

Man in the Universe—C. J. Cooper.
The Music of the Spheres—G. P. Rowe.
Teachings of Nature—R. J. Fisher.
Posthumus Fame—J. H. Brown.
Science and Revelation—J. G. Blyholder.
Festina Lente—B. C. Snyder.
Sicilian Vespers—M. W. Jacobs.
Sisyphus—J. R. Custer.
Rest, Noble Hero—D. R. Kepner.
Revolutions the Stepping Stones to Progress—J. J. Weaver.
Our Future—Hart Gilbert.
Our Castles in Spain—S. P. Sadtler.
Circassia—C. S. Albert.
Our Hellenic Prototypes—T. F. Garver.
Poem—Altars of the Philoni—P. H. Schaeffer.

On Wednesday evening, Rev. Dr. Cuyler delivered an Address before the Philomathean Society.

The Commencement exercises took place on Thursday morning, as follows:

Latin Salutatory—P. M. Bikle.
Greek Oration—C. C. Hengerer.
American Nationality—J. Artley Beeber.
Influence of American Science on Modern Progress—H. S. Cook.
Compensations of Life—T. W. Saeger.
The Newspaper an Educator—W. C. Shaeffer.
The Value of Suffering for the Truth—H. L. Ziegenfuss.
Valedictory—A. J. Riley.

Mr. Beeber took the first honor, Messrs. Riley and Ziegenfuss the second, and Mr. Bikle the third.

The music was supplied by the Lancaster Orchestra.

TO THE FARMERS.—There is perhaps nothing about which our Farmers should exercise more care than in the selection of their Fertilizers, and especially is this caution necessary at this time when the market is so full of new and untried articles, many of which are perfectly worthless.

What is needed is a Manure which contains Ammonia and Phosphate of Lime in proper proportions, so that it will act at once upon the growing crop, producing a large yield, and at the same time having such an effect upon the soil as to be of permanent benefit.

The safest rule, in our opinion, for Farmers to pursue is, to use only those articles which have undergone years of trial, and have proven themselves by their action upon the crops to be reliable.

There are very few in this country who are not familiar with "Baugh's Raw Bone Phosphate," and who know that it has achieved a great reputation as a quick and active Fertilizer, as well as a permanent improver of the soil. Many of our prominent Farmers have been using it for years, and are fully convinced of its great value; knowing this, we feel no hesitation in recommending this article to our readers, and urging them to use it the coming season upon their wheat crop, feeling that it will be to their interest to do so.

Further particulars may be found in the advertisement respecting it, in another column. 1t

☞ Jack Hamilton, of Texas, we understand, proposes to stump Pennsylvania for Geary. He is just the man to advocate the claims of "the Statesman of New Cumberland." They are both great men—in their own estimation.

☞ "Occasional," of the *Press*, was very indignant on Saturday week at "Mrs. Abrahams, a white woman, who lashed and roasted poor colored girls." So should every one else be. The fiend who could commit such a crime should be severely punished. But why don't the *Press* tell its readers about the white man who lashed his son to death because he would not say his prayers? The reason is, the woman is a resident of the South, and the man is a Yankee preacher!

☞ John W. Geary was a Know Nothing of the most violent kind before Abolitionism swallowed up that party.

☞ The Democrats have carried Kentucky by nearly *forty thousand majority!* "The people are rising!"

COUNTY COMMITTEE.

The Democratic County Committee will meet at Wolf's Hotel, in Gettysburg, on Monday next, the 20th of August, at 1 o'clock, P. M. A full attendance is desired. WM. A. DUNCAN, Chairman.

August 13, 1866.

DEMOCRATIC COUNTY COMMITTEE.

Gettysburg—W. A. Duncan, Chairman, H. J. Stahle, Jacob Troxel.
Berwick bor.—Thomas Alwine, George C. Mayer.
Berwick tp.—Samuel Wollet, Cyrus Wolf.
Butler—Jacob G. Eicholtz, R. Fitzgerald.
Cumberland—Jacob Lott, David P. Weikert.
Conowago—Anthony Strasbaugh, Joseph Burkee.
Freedom—David Rhodes, Michael McFadden.
Franklin—J. H. Plank, Joseph Rebert.
Germany—John Cover, Samuel Harner.
Huntington—Wm. B. Gardner, Jeremiah Slaybaugh.
Hamilton—Hamilton King, Charles H. Ruff.
Hamiltonban—Wm. G. Reed, Robert Watson.
Highland—E. Plank, Frederick S. Dubs.
Liberty—Wm. R. White, James Corey.
Latimore—Joel Griest, Joseph Fickle.
Littlestown—Philip Hemler, J. B. Adams.
Oxford—Dr. W. J. McClure, A. J. Bowers.
Menallen—Jacob Brame, Wm. Overdeer.
Mountjoy—Isaac Lightner, Joseph A. Orndorff.
Mountpleasant—Lewis Will, Jacob Melhorn.
Reading—W. S. Hildebrand, Edward Sheaffer.
Straban—Philip Donohue, John Wertz.
Tyrone—C. Bream, Thomas Ehrehart.
Union—Jos. L. Shorb, Daniel Geiselman.

AN ATTEMPT TO DISFRANCHISE VOTERS.

Notwithstanding the recent decision of the Supreme Court of this State, that no voter is disqualified through failure to report as a soldier or conscript to a provost marshal, we understand that lists of so-called deserters and non-reporting drafted men are being printed at Harrisburg, in the State Printing Office, under instructions from the State officials. These lists will average about one hundred and fifty to each regiment—thus aggregating from thirty to thirty-five thousand names. They are to be sent, with copies of the now *defunct act of the Legislature* disfranchising deserters and non-reporting drafted men, to all the election officers of the State, with orders to refuse the votes of all whose names appear upon the lists.

This is a bold scheme to disfranchise legal voters of this State who are opposed to the Radicals and the election of General Geary. The men getting up these lists know that the Supreme Court decided that nothing but the evidence of a trial by court-martial, and sentence approved, can be taken as proof of desertion, and made grounds for refusing a vote. They also know that election officers have no authority to declare who are and are not deserters. If they assume such powers, they are liable to arrest and punishment. But this knowledge will not prevent them from urging their friends in all parts of the State where they are in the majority to act in defiance of the law as expounded by the highest judicial tribunal of the State. They set up a "higher law," and mean to bind, if possible, State action to their will in the important matter of receiving or refusing the votes of citizens of this Commonwealth.

The law as expounded by the Supreme Court of Pennsylvania is, that all men who may have been charged with desertion, but not convicted of the same, and all non-reporting drafted men standing in the same position, unless they are otherwise disqualified, are entitled to vote at all elections in this State. There is no legal power to prevent them. The lists sent from Harrisburg are not worth the paper on which they are printed, and election officers attempting to carry out the Radical programme will be offenders against the law, and must suffer the consequences. The legal voters of this State will not be cheated out of their rights in order to keep the Radical faction in power in the nation or the Commonwealth. When the Supreme Court pronounces a decision, it must be regarded and obeyed. Democrats in all sections of the State should note this attempt to disfranchise their fellow-citizens, and be prepared to meet the issue in a proper manner at the polls.—*Age.*

☞ General Geary fought the rebels in front.—*Repub. Ex.*

And the rebels fought Gen. Geary in the rear. That's the only part of Geary they ever saw.

Special Notice Column.

Permanent and Wide-spread Success is the best Evidence of the Goodness of Brandreth's Pills.

They should be in every family, ready for use on the first symptoms of disease occurring. This method will often save life. Remember, the CHOLERA MUST BE TREATED AS A POISON, and your safety demands it should be got rid of without delay. Colds, rheumatism, asthma, pleurisy, diarrhœa, colics, in fact, all sickness is the consequence of active impurities in the blood. These being removed, the health is restored at once.

Observe my name in the Government stamp, in white letters. Sold by Druggists.

July 30, 1866. 1m B. BRANDRETH.

Dr. Tobias' Venetian Horse Liniment.

FINT BOTTLES AT ONE DOLLAR, FOR THE CURE of lameness, scratches, wind galls, sprains, bruises, splints, cuts, colic, slipping stifle, over heating, sore throat, nail in the foot, etc. It is warranted cheaper and better than any other article ever offered to the public. Thousands of animals have been cured of the colic, and over heating by this Liniment; and hundreds that were crippled and lame have been restored to their former vigor. It is used by all the first horsemen throughout the States. Ordersare constantly received from the racing stables of England for fresh supplies of this invaluable article. Over 2,500 testimonials have been received. Remember, one dollar laid out in time may save the life of your horse. Sold by all Druggists. Office, 56 Cortland street, New York. [July 30, '66. 1m

Spike The Guns!

of Humbug. Imposters are in the field with deadly hair dyes, dangerous to health and utterly destructive to the hair. Do not submit to have your head

BAPTIZED WITH LIQUID FIRE!

when that cooling vegetable preparation,

CHRISTADORO'S HAIR DYE,

will, in five minutes, impart any desired shade from light brown to jet black without injuring the fibres, staining the skin, or poisoning the system through the pores. Beware of the deleterious dyes! Manufactured by J. CHRISTADORO, 6 Astor House, New York. Sold by Druggists. Applied by all Hair Dressers. [July 30, '66. 1m

Lyon's Periodical Drops!

THE GREAT FEMALE REMEDY FOR IRREGULARITIES.—These Drops are a scientifically compounded fluid preparation, and better than any Pills, Powders or Nostrums. Being liquid, their action is direct and positive, rendering them a reliable, speedy and certain specific for the cure of all obstructions and suppressions of nature. Their popularity is indicated by the fact that over 100,000 bottles are annually consumed by the ladies of the United States, every one of whom speaks in the strongest terms of praise of their great merits. They are rapidly taking the place of every other Female Remedy, and are considered by all who know aught of them, as the *Press* tell its readers about the white man who lashed his son to death because he would not say his prayers? The reason is, the woman is a resident of the South, and the man is a Yankee preacher!

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Freedom—David Rhodes, Michael McFadden.
Franklin—J. H. Plank, Joseph Rebert.
Germany—John Cover, Samuel Harner.
Huntington—Wm. B. Gardner, Jeremiah Slaybaugh.
Hamilton—Hamilton King, Charles H. Ruff.
Hamiltonban—Wm. G. Reed, Robert Watson.
Highland—E. Plank, Frederick S. Dubs.
Liberty—Wm. R. White, James Corey.
Latimore—Joel Griest, Joseph Fickle.
Littlestown—Philip Hemler, J. B. Adams.
Oxford—Dr. W. J. McClure, A. J. Bowers.
Menallen—Jacob Brame, Wm. Overdeer.
Mountjoy—Isaac Lightner, Joseph A. Orndorff.
Mountpleasant—Lewis Will, Jacob Melhorn.
Reading—W. S. Hildebrand, Edward Sheaffer.
Straban—Philip Donohue, John Wertz.
Tyrone—C. Bream, Thomas Ehrehart.
Union—Jos. L. Shorb, Daniel Geiselman.

Dr. Marshall's Catarrh Snuff.

This snuff has thoroughly proved itself to be the best article known for curing the Catarrh, Cold in the Head and Headache. It has been found an excellent remedy in many cases of Sore Eyes.—Deafness has been removed by it, and Hearing has often been greatly improved by its use.

It is fragrant and agreeable, and GIVES IMMEDIATE RELIEF to the dull heavy pains caused by disease of the head. The sensations after using it are delightful and invigorating. It opens and purges out all obstructions, strengthens the glands, and gives a healthy action to the parts affected.

More than Thirty Years' of sale and use of "Dr. Marshall's Catarrh and Headache Snuff," has proved its great value for all the common diseases of the head, and at this moment stands higher than ever before.

It is recommended by many of the best physicians, and is used with great success and satisfaction everywhere.

Read the Certificates of Wholesale Druggists in 1854: The undersigned, having for many years been acquainted with "Dr. Marshall's Catarrh and Headache Snuff," and sold it in our wholesale trade, cheerfully state, that we believe it to be equal, in every respect, to the recommendations given of it for the cure of Catarrhal Affections, and that it is decidedly the best article we have ever known for all common diseases of the Head.

Burr & Perry, Boston; Read, Auston & Co., Boston; Brown, Lamson & Co., Boston; Seth W. Fowle, Boston; Wilson, Fairbank & Co., Boston; Henshaw, Edmund & Co., Boston; H. H. Hay, Portland, Me.; Barnes & Park, New York; A. B. & D. Sands, New York; Stephen Paul & Co., New York; Israel Minor & Co., New York; McKesson & Robbins, New York; A. B. Seovill & Co., New York; M. Ward, Close & Co., New York; Bush & Gale, New York. ☞ For sale by all Druggists.—Try it. [Dec. 18, 1865. 1y

The Great English Remedy.

SIR JAMES CLARKE'S CELEBRATED FEMALE PILLS. Prepared from a prescription of Sir J. Clarke, M. D., Physician Extraordinary to the Queen. This invaluable medicine is unfailing in the cure of all those painful and dangerous diseases to which the female constitution is subject. It moderates all excesses and removes all obstructions, and a speedy cure may be relied on.

To Married Ladies it is peculiarly suited. It will, in a short time, bring on the monthly period with regularity.

Each bottle, price One Dollar, bears the Government Stamp of Great Britain, to prevent counterfeits.

CAUTION.—These Pills should not be taken by Females during the first THREE MONTHS of Pregnancy, as they are sure to bring on Miscarriage, but at any other time they are safe.

In all cases of Nervous and Spinal Affections, Pains in the Back and Limbs, Fatigue on slight exertion, Palpitation of the Heart, Hysterics, and Whites, these Pills will effect a cure when all other means have failed; and although a powerful remedy, do not contain Iron, calomel, antimony, or anything hurtful to the constitution.

Full directions in the pamphlet around each package, which should be carefully preserved.

Sold by all Druggists. Sole Agent for the United States and Canada,

JOB MOSES, 27 Cortland St., N. Y.

N. B.—$1,00 and 6 postage stamps enclosed to any authorized Agent, will insure a bottle, containing 50 Pills, by return mail. Sold by A. D. Buehler. Dec. 18, 1865. 1y

LIFE—HEALTH—STRENGTH.
LIFE—HEALTH—STRENGTH.
LIFE—HEALTH—STRENGTH.

The Great French Remedy.

DR. JUAN DELAMARRE'S
CELEBRATED SPECIFIC PILLS,
Prepared from a prescription of Dr. Juan Delamarre, Chief Physician of the Hospital du Nord ou Lariboisiere of Paris.

This invaluable medicine is no imposition, but is unfailing in the cure of Spermatorrhœ or Seminal Weakness. Every species of Genital or Urinary Irritability, Involuntary or Nightly Seminal Emissions from whatever cause produced, or however severe, will be speedily relieved and the organs restored to healthy action.

Read the following opinions of eminent French physicians:

"We have used the Specific Pills prepared by Garnie fere & Dupont, No. 214 Rue Lombard, from the prescription of Dr. Juan Delamarre, in our private practice with uniform success, and we believe there is no other medicine so well calculated to cure all persons suffering from Involuntary Emissions or any other weakness of the Sexual System, whether caused by sedentary modes of living, excesses, or abuse

☞In the State Legislature of 1863, during the month of February, a bill amending the State Constitution was introduced, so as to permit the soldiers to vote. Upon this Mr. Clymer voted yea. A motion was now made to reconsider, which Mr. Clymer opposed. The motion, however, prevailed. Having slightly changed the phraseology of the bill, the question again recurring on the final passage, Mr. Clymer voted yea. This settled the matter for the time. In the session of 1864 the question was again brought up. By a reference to the record it will be seen, despite repeated efforts, no choice of a Speaker could be made, consequently the Senate could not organize. During this irregular condition of things the constitutional amendment was called up. When brought to a vote, Mr. Clymer and a number of others took no action, for the reason that the Senate was not organized, and consequently disqualified for the transaction of business. Some days after an organization was effected, whereupon a motion was made to permit the Senators who did not do so, to record their names. To this, however, the Senate objected. It will thus be seen that, so far as regards Mr. Clymer voting against the soldiers, he voted in their favor in 1863, and was ready to do so again, but in order to shield the illegitimacy of their proceedings, the opposition would not allow him to record his name.

☞The Potter *Journal* says: "For Governor, Gen. J. W. Geary, of *Cumberland* county." The Harrisburg *Telegraph* says: "For Governor, Maj. Gen. John W. Geary, of *Westmoreland* county." The fact of the matter is Geary has strayed off so often that even his political friends can't find where he is. We can tell them where to find him after the election. He will be nowhere.

☞The 14th of August National Convention at Philadelphia promises to be an entire success. All the States will be represented, by their most prominent men. The Radicals fear it will prove a death-blow to them, and they have much reason for the apprehension.

Robbing the Treasury.—Mr. Fuller, who had no reasonable ground whatever for contesting the seat of Hon. John L. Dawson, in Congress, has been awarded $1,500 to compensate him for his trouble. But they refused to pay Minister Harvey, his salary, because he wrote a letter approving the policy of President Johnson.

☞The cholera is increasing in New York, and it is presumed will continue on the increase for several weeks yet.—A number of cases have occurred at St. Louis.

☞Geary's chances of success are diminishing every day.

Latest Market Reports.

GETTYSBURG.

FLOUR,	10 50 @ 12 00
RYE FLOUR,	8 25
WHITE WHEAT,	2 10 @ 2 20
RED WHEAT,	2 00 @ 2 25
CORN,	70
RYE,	77
OATS,	35
BUCKWHEAT,	75
HAY,	6 00 @ 9 00

BALTIMORE.

FLOUR,	9 75 @ 10 25
WHEAT,	2 10 @ 3 08
RYE,	95 @ 1 00
CORN,	94 @ 1 10
OATS,	44 @ 46
HOGS, 8 hund.,	14 00 @ 16 00
BEEF CATTLE, 8 hund.,	12 00 @ 18 50
HAY,	21 00 @ 22 00
WHISKEY,	2 26 @ 2 27

Married.

On the 6th inst., by Rev. J. A. Boll, Mr. PETER BALL to Miss LUCY ANN McKENRICK, both of Buchanan Valley.

On the 26th ult., at the Ger. Ref. Parsonage, New Oxford, by the Rev. W. F. P. Davis, Mr. MARTIN BOLLINGER, of New Oxford, to Miss MARIA BATTERMAN, of York county.

On Sunday morning, 29th ult., at the same place by the same, Mr. WILLIAM SEIFERT to ELLENORA DOLL, of Paradise township, York county.

On the 5th inst., by Rev. Mr. Dunplare, Mr. WILLIAM SMALL to Miss KATE ALTROGGE, both of Adams county.

On Monday, 6th inst., by Peter Myers, Esq., Mr. CHRISTIAN SCHEFFERER to Miss HENRIETTA KUPPUS, both of Adams county.

Died.

On Thursday week, in McSherrystown, Dr. HENRY A. LILLY, aged about 40 years.

On the 29th ult., in Littlestown, Adams county, Mr. MICHAEL SNYDER, aged 83 years 6 months and 10 days.

On Wednesday, the 8th inst., Mrs. REBECCA LONGWELL, wife of Col. H. Longwell, of this place, aged 48 years and 7 months.

On the 4th inst., in Gettysburg, Mr. EDWARD KNOTT, formerly of Baltimore, in his 81st year. May he rest in peace.

On the 30th ult., in this county, ELIZA JANE BOWERS, aged 3 years 5 months and 5 days.

On the 2d inst., at New Chester, EMMA ELIZABETH, infant daughter of Mr. John Snowden, aged 4 months.

On the 4th inst., at the Alms house, Mr. ZACHARIAH WINEBRENNER, in the 61th year of his age.

PUBLIC SALE.

WILL be offered at Public Sale, on MONDAY, AUG. 20, 1866, at 1 o'clock, P. M., at the Court House, a lot of second-hand CARRIAGES, one SPRING WAGON, RUNNING PARTS, WHEELS, &c.

FAHNESTOCK BROTHERS.

August 13, 1866. ts

A DESIRABLE PROPERTY

AT PUBLIC SALE.—On SATURDAY, the 8th day of SEPTEMBER next, the subscriber will offer at Public Sale, on the premises, A TRACT OF LAND, situate in Germany township, Adams county, on the road leading from Littlestown to Bonaughtown, three quarters of a mile from the former place, adjoining lands of Abraham Hostetter, Wm. Rider, and others, containing 33 ACRES, more or less—about 5 acres being Woodland, and about 8 acres Meadow. The land is in fine cultivation, and under good fencing. The improvements are a Two-story BRICK HOUSE, with Brick Kitchen, Log Barn, with Sheds, Hog Pen, Spring House, with a first-rate Spring; also all kinds of fruit—apples, peaches, pears, cherries, &c.

Persons wishing to view the property are requested to call on the undersigned, residing within one mile thereof.

☞Sale to commence at 1 o'clock, P. M., on said day, when attendance will be given and terms made known by

MOSES SCHWARTZ.

August 13, 1866. ts

A SMALL PROPERTY

AT PUBLIC SALE.—On SATURDAY, the 15th day of SEPTEMBER next, the subscriber will offer at Public Sale, on the premises, A TRACT OF LAND, situate in Cumberland township, Adams county, on the Newville road, three miles from Gettysburg, adjoining lands of Joseph Bailey and Abraham Keckler, containing 4 ACRES and 85 PERCHES, improved with a Two-story LOG HOUSE, Log Stable, Corn Crib, Hog Pen, a well of water near the door, with a large variety of young fruit trees—apples, peaches, pears, and cherries—also grapes.

Persons wishing to view the property are requested to call at the dwelling.

☞Sale to commence at 1 o'clock, P. M., on said day, when attendance will be given and terms made known by

GEORGE STARRY.

Aug. 13, 1866. ts*

GRAIN AND GROCERIES.—The highest market price paid for Grain and all kinds of Produce. Groceries, Fertilizers, &c., constantly on hand for sale at the Warehouse of

Aug. 13, 1866. CULP & EARNSHAW.

KALBFLEISCH is selling a large amount of Goods, because the people are finding out that he is determined not to be undersold.

PURE CIDER VINEGAR at Swan's Grocery on the corner of the Diamond.

April 30, 1866.

A SUPERIOR quality of the best London Draft HAMS, with or without fastenings, for sale by D. McCREARY & SON.

VALUABLE PROPERTY,

IN EAST BERLIN, AT PUBLIC SALE.—On SATURDAY, the 29th day of SEPTEMBER next, the subscriber, Administrator de bonis non cum testamento annexo of Philip Miller, deceased, will offer at Public Sale, on the premises, that valuable property in East Berlin, Adams county, Pa., long owned and occupied by the deceased, afterwards occupied by his widow, and now by the undersigned, consisting of TWO LOTS OF GROUND, each 65 feet front and 220 feet deep, having thereon erected a large Two-story DOUBLE FRAME HOUSE, Weatherboarded, a One-story Back-building attached, a good Stable, Smoke House, &c., with a well of excellent water and a Cistern, and a large variety of choice fruit. A part of the front building has for thirty-five years been used as a DRUG STORE.

Persons wishing to view the property are requested to call on the undersigned residing thereon.

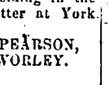
☞Sale to commence at 1 o'clock, P. M., on said day, when attendance will be given and terms made known by

HENRY L. MILLER,

Aug. 13, 1866. ts* Administrator.

PUBLIC SALE

OF VALUABLE REAL ESTATE.—On SATURDAY, the 15th day of SEPTEMBER next, the subscribers, Executors of the last will and testament of John Bowers, deceased, late of Germany township, Adams county, will offer at Public Sale, on the premises, the VALUABLE FARM of said decedent, situate in Germany township, Adams county, about 3½ miles west of Littlestown, near the road leading from Littlestown to Taneytown, adjoining lands of George Hiltebrich, Jonas Royer and others, containing 103 ACRES, more or less, improved with a Two-story DWELLING HOUSE, with Back-building attached, a good Log Barn, with Sheds all around, Wagon Shed, Carriage House, Corn Crib, and Granary, under one roof, Hog Pen, and other necessary out-buildings. There are two never-failing wells of water on the premises, one at the house and the other at the barn, with a pump in the latter. There are about 25 acres of choice Timber and twelve or fifteen acres of good Meadow. The balance is laid out in convenient fields, and all under good fencing. The farm has been limed twice. There is also on the premises an Orchard of choice fruit, such as apples, peaches, pears, &c.



Persons wishing to view the property are requested to call on William Bowers, residing thereon.

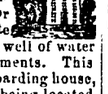
☞Sale to commence at 1 o'clock, P. M., on said day, when attendance will be given and terms made known by

WILLIAM BOWERS,
JOHN REEVER,

Aug. 13, 1866. ts* Executors.

Valuable Town Property

AT PUBLIC SALE.—On SATURDAY, the 15th day of SEPT., will be offered at Public Sale, that very desirable property, situate in Petersburg, fronting 75 feet on the Baltimore and Carlisle turnpike and running back 144 feet to an alley, having thereon erected a good Two-story BRICK HOUSE, a Two-story back building, with a good store room or shop attached, and all in first-rate repair. There is a never-failing well of water near the door and other improvements. This property is well adapted for a boarding house, or any kind of public business, being located in the centre and most business portion of the town.



This is one of the most desirable properties in the town, and we invite the attention of capitalists to it, as we believe it to be a rare chance for those wishing to invest. It will be sold on easy terms.

Also, at the same time and place will be offered three very desirable Lots, viz:

No. 3.—Fronting 74 feet on the State Road, and running back 150 feet to an alley, having thereon erected a large frame Barn.

No. 4.—Fronting 60 feet on the same road, and running back 150 feet to an alley.

No. 5.—Fronting 60 feet on the same road, and running back 150 feet to an alley.

These Lots will be sold separate or together to suit purchasers.

For further particulars call on Dr. I. W. Pearson or Henry C. Peters, residing in the town, or address them by letter at York Springs, Pa.

ISAAC W. PEARSON,
ISAAC D. WORLEY.

August 13, 1866. ts

Forwarding and Commission House.

FLOUR AND FEED.
GRAIN AND GROCERIES.

Having purchased the extensive Warehouse, Cars, &c, heretofore owned by Samuel Herbst, we beg leave to inform the public that we are continuing the business at the old stand on the corner of Washington and Railroad streets, on a more extensive scale than heretofore.

We are paying the highest market price for Flour, Grain and all kinds of produce.

Flour and Feed, Salt, and all kinds of Groceries, kept constantly on hand and for sale, cheaper than they can be had anywhere else.

Plaster, and all kinds of fertilizers, constantly on hand, or furnished to order.

☞A regular line of Freight Cars will leave our Warehouse every TUESDAY MORNING, and accommodation trains will be run as occasion may require. By this arrangement we are prepared to convey Freight at all times to and from Baltimore. All business of this kind entrusted to us, will be promptly attended to. Our cars run to the Warehouse of Stevenson & Sons, 165 North Howard street, Baltimore. Being determined to pay good prices, sell cheap and deal fairly, we invite everybody to give us a call.

CULP & EARNSHAW.

Aug. 13, 1866.

Benefit to Farmers!

MORO PHILLIPS'
GENUINE
IMPROVED SUPER-PHOSPHATE OF LIME.

For Sale at Manufacturer's Depots:

27 N. Front St., between Market & Arch,
PHILADELPHIA.

14 Bowley's Wharf, and 35 South St.,
BALTIMORE, MD.

Congress having repealed the Internal Revenue Law taxing Fertilizers six per cent., I beg leave to inform the Farmers that from this day the same per centage will be taken off the retail price of MORO PHILLIPS' SUPER-PHOSPHATE OF LIME, viz: $60 00, less 6 per cent., making the retail price now $56 40 per ton of 2,000 lbs., in Philadelphia and Baltimore.

Discount to Dealers.

MORO PHILLIPS,
Sole Proprietor and Manufacturer.

Aug. 13, 1866.

Groceries—Groceries.

JOHN M. SWAN is constantly adding to his stock of Groceries.

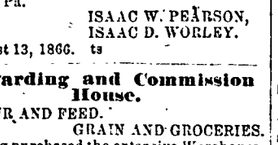
If you want fresh Groceries, call at Swan's.

If you want the best Groceries, call at Swan's.

If you want the cheapest Groceries, call at Swan's.

If you want any article in the Grocery line, call at Swan's.

His stock is always kept full; the quality pleases and his prices captivate. Call and see. [Aug. 13, 1866.



Aug. 13, 1866. 3m

Notice.

DR. HENRY A. LILLY'S ESTATE.—Letters of administration on the estate of Dr. Henry A. Lilly, late of Conowago township, Adams county, deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, residing in same township, he hereby gives notice to all persons indebted to said estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them properly authenticated for settlement. JAMES W. GUBERNATOR,

Aug. 13, 1866. 6t* Administrator.

TYSON'S Excelsior Skylight Gallery is the place to go if you wish Pictures at low prices. Satisfaction guaranteed.

PUBLIC SALE

OF REAL AND PERSONAL ESTATE.—The subscriber, by virtue of authority contained in the will of Philip Wolf, Sen., deceased, will offer at Public Sale, on the premises, on SATURDAY, the 1st day of SEPTEMBER, 1866,

The FARM of said decedent, situate in Germany township, Adams county, on the public road leading from Littlestown to Sterner's Mill, about 1½ miles from Littlestown, adjoining property of Jacob Pitzer, Joseph Staley, Solomon Menges and Sylvester Harner, and containing about 100 ACRES. The improvements are a Two-story LOG WEATHERBOARDED HOUSE, Log Barn, with Wagon Shed and Corn Crib attached, Hog Pen, Well of Water near the door, Apple and other fruit trees. About twenty-five acres are well covered with Timber. There is a suitable proportion of good Meadow Land. The farm is under good fencing.

At the same time and place will be offered for sale the following articles of personal property: 1 Bureau, Table, Bedstead, Featherbed, &c., Stove and Pipe, Quilting Frame, Spinning Wheel and Reel, Pot Rack, &c., Iron Kettle, Churn, Bench and sundry other articles.

☞Sale to commence at 1 o'clock, P. M., on said day, when attendance will be given and terms made known by

JOSEPH A. WOLF,
Administrator de bonis non with the
Aug. 6, 1866. ts will annexed.

Superintendent's Notice.

I WILL examine Teachers at the following named times and places, to wit:

Straban, Hunterstown, August 18, 9 a.m.
Reading & Hampton, Hampton, Aug. 23, 1 p.m.
Hamilton, East Berlin, Aug. 24, 9 a.m.
Berwick bor., Abbottstown, Aug. 24, 3 p.m.
Berwick tp., Elder's S. H., Aug. 25, 9 a.m.
Oxford, New Oxford, Aug. 25, 2 p.m.
Butler, Middletown, Aug. 27, 9 a.m.
Menallen, Bendersville, Aug. 28, 9 a.m.
Tyrone, Heidlersburg, Aug. 29, 9 a.m.
Huntington, Petersburg, Aug. 30, 9 a.m.
Latimore, State Road S. H., Aug. 31, 10 a.m.
Cumberland, Battlefield Hotel, Sept. 1, 9 a.m.
Mountpleasant, Brush Run S. H., Sept. 3, 9 a.m.
Conowago, McSherrystown, Sept. 4, 9 a.m.
Union, Schildt's S. H., Sept. 4, 1 p.m.
Littlestown, Bor. Littlestown, Sept. 5, 9 a.m.
Germany, Gulden's S. H., Sept. 5, 1 p.m.
Mountjoy, Two Taverns, Sept. 6, 9 a.m.
Freedom, Moritz's S. H., Sept. 7, 9 a.m.
Franklin, Hilltown, Sept. 8, 9 a.m.
Highland, Church S. H., Sept. 9, 9 a.m.
Hamiltonban, Fairfield, Sept. 10, 9 a.m.
Liberty, Grayson's S. H., Sept. 11, 10 a.m.

☞The time has come when we must have better Teachers—hence none but those well qualified will be licensed to teach. Examinations will be more rigid and thorough than heretofore. Teachers will prepare themselves accordingly. Directors will please attend.

AARON SHEELY, Co. Supt.

Gettysburg, Aug. 6, 1866. te

For Sale,

A SUPERIOR PIANO FORTE, in Rosewood case, of modern style, and good as new, having been used but a short time.

Also, a set of PARLOR FURNITURE, in Walnut and hair cloth, consisting of an elegant FRENCH SOFA and SIX CHAIRS, all good as new, having been but little used.—Will be sold a bargain.

☞Inquire at this office.

Aug. 6, 1866.

Stray Mare.

CAME to the premises of the subscriber, in Butler township, on the Carlisle road, 6 miles from Gettysburg, on the 16th of July last, a BAY MARE, with a little white on each hind leg, is poor, and has a very low neck—supposed to be 12 years old. The owner is requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges, and take her away.

ISAAC MYERS.

Aug. 6, 1866. 3t

Teachers Wanted.

THE Board of School Directors of Straban township will meet at the Public School House in Hunterstown, on SATURDAY, the 18th of AUGUST next, at 9 o'clock, A. M., for the purpose of employing 8 Teachers, to take charge of the schools of said township during the fall term. The County Superintendent will be present to examine applicants.

By order of the Board,
HENRY BUCHER, Pres't.

DANIEL THOMAS, Sec'y.

July 30, 1866. 3t*

Licenses.

THE following applications for Restaurant License have been filed in my office, and will be presented at the Court of Quarter Sessions on MONDAY, the 20th of AUGUST, 1866:

Samuel A. Miller, Huntington township,
John E. Ilgenfritz, Gettysburg borough.

JAMES J. FINK, Clerk.

July 30, 1866. te

Saddling.

THE undersigned has commenced the SADDLE and HARNESS-MAKING business, on the Hill, in Baltimore street, in the building formerly occupied by D. Sweeney as a Chairmaker's shop, up-stairs, where he asks those wanting anything in his line to call. Work done in the best manner, and prices moderate. HARNESS REPAIRED at short notice. A lot of new Saddles and Harness on hand.

J. M. ROWE.

Gettysburg, June 25, 1866. 3m

Groceries! Groceries!

THE BEST IN TOWN!
COME AND SEE THEM!

STRICKHOUSER & WISOTZKEY have added a large and splendid stock of GROCERIES to their business, and invite the public to call and see for themselves. They offer the best of everything, at the lowest possible profits: COFFEES, SUGARS, SYRUPS, MOLASSES, SALT, FISH, Spices, Teas, Cheese, Starch, Soaps, Candles, Blacking, Matches, Tubs, Buckets, Brooms, Bed Cords; with Confectionary, Oranges, Nuts, Tobaccos, Segars—and a variety entirely too large to be enumerated. "Come one, come all."

Gettysburg, June 18, 1866. tf

Dr. T. O. Kinzer,

HAVING located permanently at BONAUGHTOWN, Adams county, will attend promptly to all professional calls, day or night. Office at John Landis's, where he can always be found, unless professionally engaged.

Aug. 6, 1866. 1y

Prime Hams,

SHOULDERS, Sides, home-made Bologna Sausage, &c., a full stock always kept for sale, of the very best quality, and at lowest living profits, by

KALBFLEISCH,

June 11. next door to the Post Office.

Bark Wanted.

THE subscriber will pay FIVE DOLLARS per CORD for BLACK OAK BARK, delivered at his Tannery, in Gettysburg.

JOHN RUPP.

June 18, 1866.

Everhart's

FRANKLIN HOUSE,
CORNER OF HOWARD & FRANKLIN STREETS,
BALTIMORE, MD.

This House is on a direct line between the Northern Central and Baltimore and Ohio Railroad Depots. It has been refitted and comfortably arranged for the convenience and the entertainment of guests.

Nov. 20, 1865. tf

CLOCKS.

Now on hand CLOCKS in great variety, from factories of the highest reputation in the country, and warranted good time-keepers. Call on

J. BEVAN,
Opposite the Bank, Gettysburg.

A NEW stock of GOLD AND SILVER WATCHES, selected with especial care and warranted good time keepers, just received and for sale at

J. BEVAN'S,
Opposite the Bank, Gettysburg.

1866. If you have chapped hands, lips or rough skin, use the OLEIN, prepared by Dr. R. HORNER.

DRAKE'S PLANTATION BITTERS, or Old Homestead Tonic, at Dr. R. HORNER'S Drug Store.

SUGAR CURED HAMS.—A fresh supply just received. A prime article and for sale cheap by STRICKHOUSER & WISOTZKY.

PUBLIC SALE.

THE subscriber will sell at Public Sale, at his residence, in Gettysburg, on TUESDAY, the 21st day of AUGUST next, the following Personal Property, viz:

One Horse, 2 Mules, 1 large sized Jack, 1 six-horse broad-tread Wagon, 1 four-horse narrow-tread Wagon, 1 Spring Wagon, 2 Lime Beds, 2 Feed Troughs, 15 setts Horse Gears, Breechbands and Front Gears, Housings, Collars and Bridles, five-horse Line, 2 Wagon Saddles, 2 Fifth Chains, 1 Log Chain, 3 Spreaders, lot of Single and Double Trees. Also, old Lumber, Windows, Shutters, Doors, Boards, &c., &c.

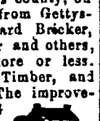
☞Sale to commence at 1 o'clock on said day, when attendance will be given and terms made known by

SAMUEL HERBST.

July 30, 1866. ts

A Small Farm

AT PUBLIC SALE.—On SATURDAY, the 1st day of SEPTEMBER next, the undersigned will offer at Public Sale, on the premises, the FARM on which she resides, situate in Cumberland township, Adams county, on the Taneytown road, two miles from Gettysburg, adjoining lands of Leonard Bricker, George Spangler, Jacob Swisher and others, and containing 62 ACRES, more or less. There are about 12 acres of Timber, and about 10 acres of Meadow. The improvements are a Two-story LOG HOUSE, with a One-story Stone Building attached, Bank Barn, Wagon Shed, Hog Pen, and other out-buildings; an excellent well of water at the door, and a good Apple Orchard, with an abundance of other fruit—Peaches, Pears, Cherries, &c.



Persons wishing to view the property are requested to call at the dwelling.

☞Sale to commence at 1 o'clock, P. M., on said day, when attendance will be given and terms made known by

SARAH PATTERSON.

☞If not sold, it will be offered for rent on said day. [Aug. 6, 1866. ts

The Great Bone Fertilizer.

BAUGH'S
RAW BONE PHOSPHATE,

containing 53 per cent. of Phosphate of Lime, and 5.05 per cent. Ammonia.

It should be borne in mind that the Phosphate of Lime in this article being obtained exclusively from RAW BONES and a TRUE BIRD GUANO, there is NO PORTION of it INOPERATIVE, as in the case of SUPER PHOSPHATES made from MINERAL GUANOS—but being entirely SOLUBLE in the SOIL, continues to IMPART its FERTILIZING qualities to the CROPS for YEARS.

The REMARKABLE SUCCESS which has attended its use for years past, is a sufficient GUARANTY to induce those who have not tried it to do so.

The GRAIN CROP where this FERTILIZER has been applied is supposed to have been INCREASED from 25 to 50 per cent. by its use, while for TOBACCO and GRASS LANDS its success has been EQUALLY DECIDED.

The price in Baltimore is uniform with the Manufacturer's Factory Price.

GEORGE DUGDALE,
Manufacturer's Agent,
105 Smith's Wharf, Baltimore, Md.

For sale at Manufacturer's Price. Cost of Transportation added by

SAMUEL HERBST, Gettysburg,
DAVID HOKE, New Oxford.

Aug. 6, 1866. 3m

Still at Work!

THE undersigned continues the CARRIAGE-MAKING BUSINESS, in all its branches, at his old stand, in East Middle street, Gettysburg.

NEW WORK made to order, and REPAIRING done promptly and at lowest prices.

FALLING-TOP AND STANDING-TOP BUGGIES CONSTANTLY ON HAND.

Two first-rate SPRING WAGONS for sale.

JACOB TROXEL.

Battle-field Hotel.

THIS Hotel, being one of the relics of the Battle of Gettysburg, has been renovated and refurnished, and is ready to entertain travellers and the public generally. It being a short distance from the Soldiers' National Cemetery, it affords convenient accommodations for all visiting there, and the subscriber flatters himself that none shall leave him dissatisfied.

Also, Ice Cream and all kinds of refreshments, at all hours, to accommodate promenaders. Give me a call.

JOSEPH LITTLE, Proprietor.

Gettysburg, May 21, 1866. tf

Fresh Confectionery

AND ICE CREAM SALOON.—The subscriber respectfully informs the citizens of Gettysburg and vicinity that he has a Confectionery Establishment, one door east of the Eagle Hotel, on Chambersburg street, to which he would invite their attention.

Cakes, Candies, and every description of Confections, together with Nuts, Oranges, and all kinds of fruits, always on hand.

Parties, public and private, as well as families, will be furnished with all kinds of Cakes, Ice Cream, (in pyramidal form or otherwise,) and other refreshments at their houses, upon short notice.

Having spent a life-time at the business, he flatters himself that he understands it and that he is able to render entire satisfaction.

Call and see his Confectionery.

May 28, 1866. tf JOHN GRUEL.

Cheap for Cash!

NEW STORE!
GROCERIES, LIQUORS, &C.

THE undersigned has returned to Gettysburg, and opened a new Store, on Baltimore street, next door to the Post Office, and nearly opposite the Court-House, where he offers for sale, CHEAP FOR CASH, a large and choice assortment of GROCERIES,—Sugars, Coffees, Teas, Molasses, Syrups, Salt, &c.; with Fish, Bacon, Lard, and so on.

Also, LIQUORS—Wines, Brandies, Gins, Whiskies, Rums, and everything else in the line.

Also, any quantity of Notions, to suit any and everybody.

Recollect this is the place to buy CHEAP FOR CASH.

GEO. F. KALBFLEISCH.

April 23, 1866.

$1,500 Per Year! WE want Agents everywhere to sell our IMPROVED $20 Sewing Machines.—Three new kinds. Under and upper feed.—Sent on trial. Warranted five years. Above salary or large commissions paid. The ONLY machines sold in the United States for less than $40, which are *fully licensed by Howe, Wheeler & Wilson, Grover & Baker, Singer & Co., and Bachelder.* All other cheap machines are infringements, and the seller or user are *liable to arrest, fine and imprisonment.* Illustrated circulars sent *free.* Address, or call upon Shaw & Clark, at Biddeford, Maine, or Chicago, Ill.

May 21, 1866. 1sly

Philip Redding,

JUSTICE OF THE PEACE, will be at his office, (at his residence,) in Cumberland township, on Tuesday and Friday of each week, to give his attention to Justice's business. [April 30, 1866. 4m

Notice.

PHILIP MILLER'S ESTATE.—Letters of administration de bonis non, cum testamento annexo, on the estate of Philip Miller, deceased, late of Hamilton twp., Adams co., having been granted to the undersigned, residing in the same township, he hereby gives notice to all persons indebted to said estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them properly authenticated for settlement.

HENRY L. MILLER, Adm'r.

July 9, 1866. 6t*

Town Property

AT PRIVATE SALE.—Several HOUSES can be purchased at Private Sale by calling on FAHNESTOCK BROTHERS.

Dec. 15. 1866. tf

$90 A Month!—AGENTS wanted for *six entirely new articles*, just out. Address O. T. GAREY, City Building, Biddeford, Me. [May 21, 866. 1sly

SWAN'S Store is the place to get all kinds of Groceries CHEAP.

THE best lot of Upper Leather COLLARS, of our own make, now ready and for sale.

D. McCREARY & SON.

PUBLIC SALE

OF A FARM.—On SATURDAY, the 1st day of SEPTEMBER next, the subscribers, Executors of Joseph Blocher, deceased, will offer at Public Sale, on the premises, the following real estate of said decedent, viz:

A FARM, situate in Mountjoy township, Adams county, adjoining Two Taverns, and lands of John Worley, Peter Bercaw, Jacob Baker, and others, containing 110 ACRES, more or less—with due proportions of Woodland and Meadow. The improvements are a new Two-story FRAME HOUSE, a one and a half story Log House, Bank Barn, Corn Crib, Hog House, a good young Orchard, with several springs of water.

Persons wishing to view the property are requested to call on the first-named Executor, residing within a mile and a half thereof.

☞Sale to commence at 1 o'clock, P. M., on said day, when attendance will be given and terms made known by

JOHN BLOCHER,
ELI BLOCHER,

July 30, 1866. ts* Executors.

☞The undersigned offers his FARM, in Mountjoy township, at private sale; 77½ acres, with good House, Barn, first-rate Well, &c.

July 30, 1866. JOHN BLOCHER.

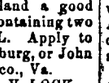
Farm for Sale.

THE undersigned offers his FARM, with or without the present crop,

AT PRIVATE SALE.

Possession given immediately.

The Farm is situated in Cumberland township, Adams county, adjoining lands of Wm. Douglas, Samuel Pitzer and others, containing TWO HUNDRED AND FORTY ACRES, with about thirty-five acres of excellent Woodland, and the balance of the farm in a good state of cultivation. The improvements are a good Two-story BRICK HOUSE, with Spring House, Frame Barn, and other necessary outbuildings.—Terms easy.



Any person desirous of seeing or purchasing the above farm, can get all desired information by calling on the undersigned, residing thereon.

JULIUS HAFNER.

July 16, 1866. tf

Highly Valuable

LIMESTONE FARM AT PUBLIC SALE.

ON SATURDAY, the 8th day of SEPTEMBER next, the subscriber, Executor of George Lawrence, deceased, will offer at Public Sale, on the premises, the following highly valuable Real Estate of said decedent, viz:

A LIMESTONE FARM,

situate in Mountpleasant township, Adams county, on the road leading from McSherrystown to Hunterstown, about 2 miles from the former place, and within 1 mile of Conowago Chapel, containing 70 ACRES, more or less, adjoining lands of Conrad Bender, Samuel Geiselman, John Lilly and others—improved with a Two-story Weatherboarded HOUSE, Bank Barn, Wagon Shed, Corn Crib, Carriage House, Hog Pen, and other out-buildings; a first-rate well of water at the door, and an Orchard of good fruit. The land is in high cultivation and under good fencing. This is a very choice property.

☞Sale to commence at 1 o'clock, P. M. on said day, when attendance will be given and terms made known by

LEVI LAWRENCE,

July 23, 1866. ts Executor.

Sale of Real Estate.

I WILL sell, on accommodating terms, my property, located in Hamiltonban township, Adams county, Pa., within one mile of Fairfield, and eight miles of Gettysburg, known as

"VIRGINIA MILLS,"

containing 500 ACRES OF GOOD LAND, well improved. There is on this land a good THREE-STORY STONE MILL, containing two run of Burrs, and a SAW MILL. Apply to the Hon. Moses McClean, Gettysburg, or John J. Lock, Charlestown, Jefferson co., Va.

M. V. LOCK.

June 18, 1866. tf

Wanted.

A GOOD FARM.

ANY person having a good Farm for sale, and will take in part payment, one or more tracts of

FIRST-RATE WESTERN LAND,

well located, near Railroads, Schools, Churches, County Towns, &c., may find a purchaser by applying at this office.

June 18, 1866. tf

Shoes, Gaiters, &c.

JOHN M. REILING,
IN CARLISLE STREET,

west side, a few doors from the Public Square Gettysburg, has laid in an excellent assortment of Shoes, Gaiters, &c., for

MEN, WOMEN AND CHILDREN,

which he is offering at the very lowest profits. Having bought for cash, at the latest reduction, he is prepared to offer great bargains.

Boot and Shoe manufacturing carried on at the same place, and the best kind of work made.

JOHN M. REILING.

May 14, 1866. tf

Another Large Stock

OF NEW GOODS
JUST RECEIVED AT GRIMES'S.

James A. Grimes, York street, has been to the city again, to replenish his stock, which went off so rapidly, because it was so very good and so very cheap. The new stock beats anything he has yet offered to this community, and he hopes all the people will come and see for themselves. His new purchase of SYRUPS can't be beat, and he will sell from a pint up to a barrel; his SUGARS are of all varieties, including the very primest; his COFFEES are the best in the market; his FISH are elegant; and his FLOUR extra.

He has laid in a large lot of STONE-WARE, which he offers cheap, and is sure will please—so with his WOODEN-WARE, QUEENSWARE, LAMPS, PICKLES, SPICES, CONFECTIONARY, Tobacco and Segars, and the thousand other things to be found in his very full and complete Store. By selling cheap, and selling quick, he expects to get along quite as well as those who have greater profits, but sell slower. [June 11, 1866.

Notice.

APPLICATION will be made at the next regular session of the Legislature of Pennsylvania for the Incorporation of a Savings' Institution, to be located in the Borough of Littlestown, Adams county, Penn'a., under the name and style of "THE LITTLESTOWN SAVINGS' INSTITUTION," the intention of which shall be to loan out money and receive deposits thereof, and do such things as are usually done by similar Institutions; the capital thereof not to exceed One Hundred Thousand Dollars, to be divided into shares of Fifty Dollars each.

July 2, 1866. 6m

Lime & Coal.

GUINN & REILLY have erected two additional Lime Kilns, on the Railroad, and are therefore better prepared than ever to supply the best of LIME, in large or small quantities. Farmers and others can hereafter look for a more prompt filling of their orders, and are invited to extend and continue their favors to a firm which is making every effort to accommodate them in the best manner possible.

They will also continue to keep on hand, for sale, a good supply of the different kinds of COAL, which they will sell at small profits.

Coal and Lime delivered anywhere in Gettysburg.

May 14, 1866. tf

Tin Ware and Stoves.

THE subscriber respectfully informs the public that he still continues the business of making

ALL KINDS OF GOOD TIN WARE,

at the old stand, (formerly Andrew Polley's,) in York street, Gettysburg, where he has the largest assortment of tin ware in the county, with many other articles for kitchen use, &c.

Also, COOKING STOVES & NINE-PLATE STOVES, of the very best kinds.

S. G. COOK.

Mar. 12, 1865. 3m

PRATT'S IMPROVED FRUIT CANS.—Something new!—Call and see them at Buehler's Tin and Sheet Iron Factory. Decidedly the best Can ever manufactured. Also, FRUIT JARS, of the best and most improved patterns. [June 18, 1866.

LADIES' DRESS TRIMMINGS, in great variety, at SCHICK'S.

Valuable Properties for Sale.

JOHN C. ZOUCK, LAND AGENT,
NEW OXFORD, ADAMS COUNTY, PA.

Has for sale a number of desirable properties, to which he asks the attention of those wishing to purchase.

A FARM of 160 ACRES, in Mountpleasant township, Adams county, with good Stone House, good Barn, Wagon Shed, Corn Crib, Wash House, Orchard, &c., near a turnpike and railroad.

FORTY ACRES, with good House, Barn, and other out-buildings, Orchard, &c., three-quarters of a mile from a railroad station. A good chance; terms easy.

173 ACRES OF LAND, on the road leading from Hanover to Littlestown. Good limestone farm; large Brick House, Bank Barn, and other out-buildings. The Littlestown Railroad runs through the rear part of the place. Price $85 per acre.

A FARM OF 300 ACRES, in Cumberland township, Adams county, three miles from Gettysburg, at which place is a railroad and good market. This farm can be divided into two farms, there being already two sets of improvements on the tract. The improvements are a good two-story Dwelling House, Barn, and other out-buildings, and a Tenant House with all improvements.

A SMALL FARM of 10 ACRES, with good House and Barn, and other out-buildings—good quality of land—good Store stand—chance to keep toll gate and to attend to a post office. This is a good chance; terms easy.

A FARM of 105 ACRES, on the Carlisle turnpike, under good cultivation, with a large Brick House, Bank Barn, Wagon Shed, Corn Crib, Carriage House and other out-buildings, all new.

LARGE FLOUR MILL, with 15 Acres of Land. The mill has four pair of Burrs, and all machinery for doing merchant work. Best water power in the county.

A FARM of 175 ACRES, near the Hanover turnpike, on which is erected a good House, Barn, and all necessary out-buildings. The land is in a good state of cultivation. This property will be sold cheap.

A FARM of 195 ACRES, near Hunterstown, Adams county, on which is erected a good House, Barn and other out-buildings, and the land is in a fine state of cultivation. This farm will be sold cheap.

A FARM of 38 ACRES, 6 acres in wood, with one-and-a-half-story House, good Barn—land in good cultivation—3½ miles from New Oxford, and 1½ miles from Bonaughtown. Terms easy.

18 ACRES of WOODLAND, 2 miles from New Oxford.

A FARM of 200 ACRES, good land, with large Brick House, Barn, and 2 Tenant Houses—40 acres in wood—half a mile from the Conowago Chapel.

A FARM of 180 Acres—225 can be purchased—in Cumberland township, 2½ miles from Gettysburg, near Chambersburg pike; large weatherboarded House, Bank Barn, &c.;

NORRIS STILL AHEAD!

1866. JUST FROM THE CITY! Norris has just returned from the City with the finest and cheapest lot of ready made clothing ever offered in Gettysburg.

DON'T FORGET THE PLACE! Next door to Buehler's Drug store, where you will find the largest and best selection of HATS and CAPS in Gettysburg.

JE-RU-SA-LEM!—What nice Pants and Vests Norris has at his new Store. He beats 'em all.

HIGH PRICES PLAYED OUT!—Norris sells Gloves as cheap as they were before the war.

AND THE COLORED TROOPS FOUGHT NOBLY!—If you don't believe it just go to Norris' New Store and he will convince you that "Woolen" Goods are cheaper than they have been since the war.

COME IN OUT OF THE WET!—Norris has Umbrellas so cheap that it is cheaper to keep dry than run around in the rain.

NECKTIES, BUTTERFLIES and everything in that line at NORRIS'S.

LOCKWOOD, LINEN LINED!—Paper Collars and Linen Collars of all kinds and sizes at NORRIS'S.

KEEP TIME!—Fine assortment of Clocks and warranted to keep time at NORRIS'S.

VALISES, TRUNKS, and Carpet Bags, of every description at NORRIS'S.

SARATOGA!—Norris keeps the latest Saratoga Hats.

ON THE ROAD TO BRIGHTON!—The latest Brighton Hats at NORRIS'S.

THE LATEST RESORTE!—Norris has the latest Résorte Hats and the best quality in the market.

YOUNG DRIVING BOYS!—Don't forget that Norris has the latest Driving Hats out.

May 7, 1866.

GO TO! GO TO!

H. B. WOODS'
FIRST NATIONAL
HAT, SHOE, NOTION AND VARIETY STORE,

Where you can buy the cheapest and best goods in town,
Corner of the Diamond and York Street.

HATS.

HATS FOR OLD MEN.—Soft and stiff brims.
HATS FOR FASHIONABLE MEN.—Always the latest out.
HATS FOR YOUNG MEN.—"The latest Issue."
HATS FOR BOYS.—Every variety and style.
HATS FOR CHILDREN.—Neat and fashionable.

BOOTS AND SHOES.

BOOTS FOR MEN AND BOYS.—Cheap and good.
SHOES FOR MEN AND BOYS.—A large assortment.
SHOES FOR LADIES.—Good, cheap and neat.
SHOES FOR CHILDREN.—The best assortment in town.
GAITERS OF EVERY STYLE.—For Ladies, Gents and Children.

NOTIONS.

STOCKINGS OF ALL KINDS.—For Ladies, Gentlemen and Children.
GLOVES.—For Men, Ladies and Children, cheap as ever.
NECK-TIES.—A splendid assortment.
PAPER COLLARS.—For Ladies and Gentlemen.
LINEN HANDKERCHIEFS.—Bordered and Plain, for Ladies and Gents.
CAMBRIC HANDKERCHIEFS.—Nice and cheap for Children.
COMBS.—Gum and Horn.
SUSPENDERS.—A general assortment.
GARTERS.—Best Elastic for Ladies and Children.
CORSETS.—The best fitting and most comfortable at low prices.
SPOOL COTTON.—Of all colors, cheapest and best.

VARIETY GOODS.

UMBRELLAS—At lowest prices.
LADIES' BASKETS—Cheapest in town.
CARRIAGE WHIPS—Of best India Steel.
STROPS—That make a keen edge.
SHAVING SOAP AND BRUSHES—The very best.
LEAD PENCILS—Of the best make.
SHOE BRUSHES—Cheap but good.
CARPET SACKS—Plain and Railroad.
TRUNKS—Of all sizes.

☞ Before purchasing always call at the FIRST NATIONAL STORE and save money by buying cheap. H. B. WOODS.

June 11, 1866.

18 NEW ADVERTISEMENTS. 66.

GE-WIL-LE-KINS!! WHAT A LARGE Stock of Cheap Clothing at PICKING'S.

PLAYED OUT! THE HIGH PRICES.—Call and be satisfied by pricing Clothing at PICKING'S.

IT CAN'T BE DENIED, THAT PICKING has the largest assortment of *Coats, Pants* and Vests, in the county.

TRUNKS AND CARPET BAGS, in endless variety, cheap at PICKING'S.

IT IS EVEN SO! A large stock of Overshirts, Suspenders, Umbrellas, White and Calico shirts, cheap at PICKING'S.

NICE! NICER!! NICEST!!! All kinds Sunday and every-day suits cheap. PICKING'S.

GENTEEL! GENTELER!! GENTELEST!!! Black Cloth Frock, and Sack Coats; also all kinds of Cassimere, Duck, Cotton and Linen Coats. Call at PICKING'S.

IT IS INDEED ASTONISHING, what a large and cheap assortment of Pants can be had at PICKING'S.

KEEP TIME! Fine assortment of Clocks cheap at PICKING'S.

NO USE TALKING, but come right along and price Clothing, Notions, &c., at PICKING'S.

MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS. Violins, Accordions, Flutes and Fifes, to be had at PICKING'S.

ARE YOU IN? For a cheap suit. Then call at PICKING'S.

GREENBACKS, or any other kind of good money, taken in exchange for Coats, Pants, Vests, &c., at PICKING'S.

THE GREAT SENSATION of the day—Picking's Clothing Store.

CHEAP, CHEAPER, CHEAPEST—Picking's Spring and Summer Clothing.

GO AND SEE Picking's Cheap Clothing.

STOP A MOMENT!—What's the hurry? I want to get a suit at PICKING'S.

MOTHER EARTH is putting on a new suit. Let all the people go to Picking's and do likewise. [April 23, 1866.]

A Lecture to Young Men.

JUST published, in a sealed envelope.—Price 6 cents. A Lecture on the nature, treatment and radical cure of Spermatorhœa, or Seminal Weakness, Involuntary Emissions, Sexual Debility and Impediments to Marriage generally. Nervousness, Consumption, Epilepsy, and Fits; Mental and Physical incapacity, resulting from Self-Abuse, &c. By Robert J. Culverwell, M. D., author of the "Green Book," &c.

The world renowned author, in this admirable lecture, clearly proves, from his own experience, that the awful consequences of Self Abuse may be effectually removed without Medicine, and without dangerous surgical operations, bougies, instruments, rings, or cordials, pointing out a mode of cure at once certain and effectual, by which every sufferer, no matter what his condition may be, may cure himself cheaply, privately and radically. This Lecture will prove a boon to thousands. Sent under seal to any address, in a plain, sealed envelope, on receipt of six cents, or two postage stamps. Also Dr. Culverwell's Marriage Guide, price 25 cents. Address

CHAS. S. C. KLINE & Co.,
127 Bowery, New York, P. O. box 4586.
April 23, 1866. 1y

Cooking Stoves

OF every variety, including the "Noble Cook," "Royal Cook," "Waverly," "Ornamental," "Oriental," &c. Also, Tin-ware, Sheet-iron-ware, Hollow-ware, and every variety of Kitchen Furniture—including a variety of Lanterns. Also, a new and much improved Flour Sifter, for sale by

C. H. BUEHLER,
Corner of Carlisle and Railroad sts.,
Feb. 19, 1866. Gettysburg, Pa.

CALL and see the most beautiful assortment of new JEWELRY, such as Breast-pins, Ear Drops, Finger Rings, Lockets, Chains, &c., at J. BEVAN'S,
Opposite the Bank, Gettysburg.

Proclamation.

WHEREAS the Hon. ROBERT J. FISHER, President of the several Courts of Common Pleas in the Counties composing the 19th District, and Justice of the Courts of Oyer and Terminer and General Jail Delivery, for the trial of all capital and other offenders in the said district, and DAVID ZIEGLER and ISAAC E. WIERMAN, Esqs., Judges of the Courts of Common Pleas, and Justices of the Courts of Oyer and Terminer and General Jail Delivery, for the trial of all capital and other offenders in the County of Adams—have issued their precept, bearing date the 20th day of April, in the year of our LORD one thousand eight hundred and sixty-six, and to me directed, for holding a Court of Common Pleas, and General Quarter Sessions of the Peace, and General Jail Delivery and Court of Oyer and Terminer, at Gettysburg, on MONDAY, the 20th day of AUGUST instant—

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN to all the Justices of the Peace, the Coroner and Constables within the said County of Adams, that they be then and there in their proper persons, with their Rolls, Records, Inquisitions, Examinations, and other Remembrances, to do those things which to their offices and in that behalf appertain to be done, and also, they who will prosecute against the prisoners that are or then shall be in the Jail of the said County of Adams, are to be then and there to prosecute against them as shall be just.

ADAM REBERT, Sheriff.

Sheriff's office, Gettysburg, July 30, '66.

Great Attraction

AT BRINKERHOFF'S CHEAP CLOTHING AND FURNISHING STORE, at the North East Corner of the Diamond. The subscriber is constantly in receipt of fresh goods from the Eastern cities. His stock of

READY-MADE CLOTHING

is one of the largest and most attractive, as well as the cheapest establishment of the kind in the country. You will there find COATS, PANTS AND VESTS, made up in the most fashionable styles, and of the best materials, of all sizes and prices, for men and boys.—Gentlemen's furnishing goods of every description, Wool Shirts, Muslin Shirts, Hickory Shirts and Merino Shirts, Merino, Wool and Cotton Drawers, Hosiery of every description Buck-skin, Merino and Cotton Gloves, Handkerchiefs, Neck Ties, Cravats, Linen and Paper Collars, Hats, Caps, Boots and Shoes. Umbrellas, Trunks, Valices, Carpet Bags, Clothes and Shoe Brushes, Hair and Tooth Brushes, Shoe Blacking, Pocket and Dressing Combs, Ivory Combs, Watches, Clocks and Jewelry, Guns, Pistols, Violins and Violin Strings, Soaps and Perfumeries, Stationery of all kinds, Pocket Knives, Smoking and Chewing Tobacco, Pipes, an extra quality of Segars. In fact, his stock embraces everything usually found in a first class furnishing store. I invite the attention of all to come and see for themselves, as I am determined to sell goods lower than any other establishment in the country. Don't forget the place. Corner of York street and the Diamond. JACOB BRINKERHOFF.

July 4, 1864.

W. E. BIDDLE. H. S. BANNER.

100,000 Bushs. Grain Wanted.

NEW FIRM AT THE OLD WAREHOUSE. WM. E. BIDDLE & CO. would inform the public that they have leased the Warehouse on the corner of Stratton street and the Railroad, in Gettysburg, where they will carry on THE GRAIN AND PRODUCE BUSINESS, in all its branches. The highest prices will always be paid for Wheat, Rye, Corn, Oats, Clover and Timothy Seeds, Flaxseed, Sumac, Hay and Straw, Dried Fruit, Nuts, Soap, Hams, Shoulders and Sides, Potatoes, with everything else in the country produce line.

GROCERIES.—On hand, for sale, Coffees, Sugars, Molasses, Syrups, Teas, Spices, Salt, Cheese, Vinegar, Soda, Mustard, Starch, Brooms, Buckets, Blacking, Soaps, &c. Also COAL OIL, Fish Oil, Tar, &c: FISH of all kinds; Spikes and Nails; Smoking and Chewing Tobaccos.

They are always able to supply a first rate article of Flour, with the different kinds of Feed.

Also, Ground Plaster, with Guanos and other fertilizers. COAL, by the bushel, ton or car load.

They will run a LINE OF FREIGHT CARS from Gettysburg to Baltimore once every week. They are prepared to convey Freight either way, in any quantity, at REDUCED RATES. They will attend, if desired, to the making of purchases in the city, and delivering the goods promptly in Gettysburg. Their cars run to the Warehouse of Nathan Roop & Co., No. 128 North Howard st., near Franklin, Baltimore, where freight will be received at any time. They invite the attention of the public to their line, assuring them that they will spare no effort to accommodate all who may patronize them.

BIDDLE & BENNER.

April 16, 1866. tf

Removal.

CALL AND SEE US IN OUR NEW QUARTERS.

GREAT ATTRACTION!

MICHAEL SPANGLER would respectfully inform his friends and the public generally that he has moved his Store into the commodious room on the southeast corner of the Diamond, at which place all are invited to call. He has purchased the property and had it thoroughly repaired and fitted up in the most splendid style, for the special comfort and convenience of his customers. We now flatter ourselves that we have not only the best store room in the county, but the finest stock of goods ever brought to this place, all of which we are now selling at prices to

DEFY COMPETITION.

We call attention especially to our complete stock of

DOMESTIC AND FANCY DRY GOODS,

embracing all descriptions of DRESS GOODS, DRESS SILKS, DELAINES, MERINOES, CASHMERES, CALICOES, MUSLINS, CORSETS, Hoop Skirts for Ladies and Misses, Hosiery, Gloves, Embroidery, Trimmings and

FANCY ARTICLES.

Also, Gent's FURNISHING GOODS, Cloths, Cassimeres, Cassinets, Tweeds, &c., &c.

We are now selling—

Muslins from.....12½ to 28.
Calicoes from.....10 to 18.

and other goods in proportion.

Having made our purchases when goods were at their very lowest grade in the city, we are now offering bargains that cannot fail to please. We invite all to call at our NEW STORE and see if it is not so.

M. SPANGLER.

April 16, 1866.

Adams County

MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.
INCORPORATED, MARCH 18, 1851.

OFFICERS.

President—George Swope.
Vice President—Samuel R. Russell.
Secretary—D. A. Buehler.
Treasurer—E. G. Fahnestock.
Executive Committee—Robert McCurdy Andrew Heintzelman, Jacob King.
MANAGERS.—George Swope, D. A. Buehler, R. McCurdy, M. Eichelberger, S. R. Russell, E. G. Fahnestock, A. D. Buehler, R. G. McCreary, Gettysburg; Jacob King, Straban township; A. Heintzelman, Franklin; Wm. D. Hines, New Oxford; Wm. B. Wilson, Bendersville; H. A. Picking, Straban township; John Wolford, Latimore township; John Picking, East Berlin; Abel T. Wright, Bendersville; Abdiel F. Gitt, New Oxford; Jas. H. Marshall, Hamiltonban township; John Cunningham, Freedom township; John Horner, Mountjoy township; Wm. Ross White, Liberty township.

☞ This Company is limited in its operations to the county of Adams. It has been in operation for more than 15 years, and in that period has made but *one* assessment, having paid losses by fire during that period amounting to $13,988—$6,769 of which have been paid during the last two years. Any person desiring an Insurance can apply to any of the above named Managers for further information.

☞ The Executive Committee meets at the office of the Company, on the last Wednesday in every month, at 2 o'clock, P. M.

Oct. 16, 1865. tf

John W. Tipton,

FASHIONABLE BARBER, North-east corner of the Diamond, (next door to McClellan's Hotel,) Gettysburg, Pa., where he can at all times be found ready to attend to all business in his line. He has also excellent assistance and will ensure satisfaction. Give him a call. Dec. 8, 1860.

1866. At HORNER'S you can get Brushes, Combs, Soaps, Perfumery, Notions, &c., in great variety.

Lancaster Book Bindery.

GEORGE WIANT,
BOOK BINDER,
AND BLANK BOOK MANUFACTURER,
LANCASTER, PA.

Plain and Ornamental Binding, of every description, executed in the most substantial and approved styles.

REFERENCES.

E. W. Brown, Esq., Farmers Bank of Lancaster
W. L. Peiper, Esq., Lancaster County Bank
Samuel Shock, Esq., Columbia Bank.
Samuel Wagner, Esq., York Bank.
William Wagner, Esq., York County Bank.
T. D. Carson, Esq., Bank of Gettysburg.
Peter Martin, Esq., Prothy of Lancaster co., Pa
Geo. C. Hawthorn, Esq., Register " "
Geo. Whitson, Esq., Recorder " "

April 15, 1861

The Great Discovery

OF THE AGE.—Inflammatory and Chronic Rheumatism can be cured by using H. L. MILLER'S CELEBRATED RHEUMATIC MIXTURE. Many prominent citizens of this, and the adjoining counties, have testified to its great utility. Its success in Rheumatic affections, has been hitherto unparalleled by any specific, introduced to the public. Price 50 cents per bottle. For sale by all druggists and storekeepers. *Prepared only by H. L. MILLER*, Wholesale and Retail Druggist, East Berlin, Adams county, Pa., dealer in *Drugs, Chemicals*, Oils, Varnish, Spirits, Paints, Dye-stuffs, bottled Oils, Essences and Tinctures, Window Glass, Perfumery, Patent Medicines, &c., &c.

☞ A. D. Buehler is the Agent in Gettysburg for "H. L. Miller's Celebrated Rheumatic Mixture." [June 3, 1861. tf

Sale Crying.

A. W. FLEMMING continues the business of SALE CRYING, and solicits the continued patronage of the public. It is his constant endeavor to give satisfaction. Charges moderate. *Residence in Breckinridge street*, Gettysburg.

P. S.—He is a licensed Auctioneer, under the Tax Law of the United States.

Nov. 24, 1862.

Cemetery Removals.

THE undersigned, being the authorized person to make removals into Ever Green Cemetery, hopes that such as contemplate the removal of the remains of deceased relatives or friends will avail themselves of this season of the year to have it done. Removals made with promptness—terms low, and no effort spared to please.

PETER THORN,
March 12, '60. *Keeper of the Cemetery.*

New Bakery!

NEWPORT & ZIEGLER, Mechanical Bakers, South Washington street, half square from the Eagle Hotel, GETTYSBURG, Pa.—Constantly on hand, the best of BREAD, CRACKERS, CAKES, PRETZELS, &c. Persons wishing fresh Bread will be served every morning, by leaving their names and residences at the Bakery. Every effort made to please Give us a call! [April 20, '63. tf

Hardware & Groceries.

THE subscribers have just returned from the cities with an immense supply of HARDWARE & GROCERIES, which they are offering at their old stand in *Baltimore street*, at prices to suit the times. Our stock consists in part of

BUILDING MATERIALS,
CARPENTER'S TOOLS,
BLACKSMITH'S TOOLS,
COACH FINDINGS

SHOE FINDINGS,
CABINET MAKER'S TOOLS,
HOUSEKEEPER'S FIXTURES,
ALL KINDS OF IRON, &c.

GROCERIES OF ALL KINDS, OILS, PAINTS, &c., &c. There is no article included in the several departments mentioned above but what can be had at this Store.—Every class of Mechanics can be accommodated here with tools and findings, and Housekeepers can find every article in their line. Give us a call, as we are prepared to sell as low for cash as any house out of the city.

JOEL B. DANNER,
DAVID ZIEGLER.

Gettysburg, May 16, 1864.

Noah Walker & Co.,

CLOTHIERS,

WASHINGTON BUILDING,
165 AND 167 BALTIMORE STREET,
BALTIMORE,

keep constantly on hand a large and well assorted stock of all kinds of goods at moderate prices.

They supply orders for the finest to the lowest priced articles, either ready made or made to measure, to any part of the country.

They keep also an extensive stock of FURNISHING GOODS, embracing every article of Gentlemen's Under-wear. Also, MILITARY CLOTHS and every variety of Military Trimmings, as well as an assorted stock of READY MADE MILITARY GOODS.

Baltimore, Feb. 22, 1864.

Schick Still Ahead!

NEW SPRING GOODS!
REDUCTION IN PRICES!
J. L. SCHICK

would respectfully say to the citizens of Gettysburg and vicinity, that he is now receiving at his store a splendid

STOCK OF SPRING GOODS.

The stock consists in part of Fancy and Staple DRY GOODS, of every description.

SILKS, MOZAMBIQUE, CHALLIES, DELAINES, BOMBAZINES, ALPACCAS, LAWNS, CALICOES;

of all qualities and choicest styles, which will be sold at PRICES TO DEFY COMPETITION.

FURNISHING GOODS

of all kinds, including Silk, Linen and Cotton Handkerchiefs, Gloves, Stockings, &c.

Also, a splendid assortment of RIBBONS, Laces and Edgings, Umbrellas and Parasols. My stock of WHITE GOODS will be found full and complete, and customers may rely upon always getting good goods at the lowest possible prices.

Gentlemen will find it to their advantage to call and examine my stock of

CLOTHS, CASSIMERES and VESTINGS, of all qualities and choicest styles.

April 16, 1866. J. L. SCHICK.

New Warehouse.

100,000 BUSHELS OF GRAIN WANTED, at the new Grain and Produce House, in Carlisle street, adjoining Sheads & Buehler's establishment. The highest market price will always be paid in cash for

GRAIN, of all kinds,
FLOUR, SEEDS, &c.

Always on hand and for sale, at the smallest profits,

GUANOS,
SALT, FISH,
GROCERIES, &c.,
Wholesale and retail.

TRY US! We shall do our best to give satisfaction in all cases.

McCURDY & DIEHL.

Gettysburg, May 11, 1863. 1y

Blacksmithing.

THE undersigned would most respectfully inform the public that he continues the BLACKSMITHING BUSINESS, at his shop, lately Philip Doersom's, adjoining Troxel's paint shop, in East Middle street, Gettysburg, where he will at all times be prepared to do Blacksmithing work to Carriages, Buggies, Wagons, &c. That he knows how to do all jobs of the kind will not be questioned by those who have a knowledge of his long experience at the business. Come on with your work, and you will be satisfied when you take it away—and for which he will receive Cash or Country Produce.

ADAM HOLTZWORTH

Mar. 20, 1865. tf

Western Lands.

THE subscriber has some valuable WESTERN LANDS, which he will trade for one or more FARMS in this county. The lands are well located, and very desirable for farming. Early application desired.

JACOB BRINKERHOFF.

Gettysburg, April 3, 1865. tf

Picture Frames.

A GREAT variety of PICTURE FRAMES, with plain and convex glasses, for sale at Horner's Drug and Variety Store.

June 26, 1865.

1866. At HORNER'S you can get pure Medicines, Dye Stuffs, Patent Medicines, &c.

NEW FIRM,

AT THE OLD STAND.

[ESTABLISHED IN 1817.]

I have associated with me, in business, my son, John F. McCreary, under the firm and style of D. McCreary & Son, and I desire to say to my old friends and the public generally that since the war, the manufacture of Saddles, Harness, Collars, &c., has been revived at the old established and well known stand on Baltimore street, one square south of the Court House, Gettysburg, Pa.

Having had an experience of 40 years in this establishment, I feel assured, that, with renewed attention to business, we can still further merit and receive a full share of public patronage. DAVID McCREARY.

With increased facilities for conducting our business, we are better prepared than ever to satisfy the wants of all those who may need anything in our line. We especially call the attention of Farmers and others to the superior quality of our

Plain or Quilted Seat Horn Saddles,	Side Leathers,
Plain or Quilted Seat no Horn,	Hames, all kinds, with or without fastenings
Plain or Quilted Seat Side Saddles,	Housings,
Plain or Fancy Saddle Cloths,	Scotch Collars (leather)
Wagon Saddles,	" " (ticking)
Riding Bridles, of all kinds, fair or black, rounded or flat,	No Seam Collars,
Martingals,	Best Welt Harness Collars,
Carriage Harness, all styles, silver or black mounted,	Patent Leather Collars, stitched or unstitched
Heavy Draft Harness,	Best Leather Wagon Whips, 4, 4½ and 5 feet long,
Blind Bridles,	Plaited Team Whips,
Girths,	Trotting Whips,
Crappers,	Ladies' Riding Twigs,
	Whip Lashes,
	Horse Blankets, &c., &c., &c.

In short, everything that pertains to a first class general horse furnishing establishment constantly on hand or made to order promptly, of the very best material, and by the most experienced workmen in the country, (two having worked in this establishment for the last thirty years.)

We are now manufacturing an excellent lot of Heavy Draft and Harness Collars for those who prefer our own to city made work.

Repairing of all kinds done at short notice and on reasonable terms.

All are cordially invited to call and examine for themselves, as our work cannot fail to recommend itself.

D. McCREARY & SON.

Feb. 5, 1866. tf

Carriages and Buggies.

TATE & CULP are now building a variety of COACH WORK of the latest and most approved styles, and constructed of the best material, to which they invite the attention of buyers. Having built our work with great care and of material selected with special reference to beauty of style and durability, we can confidently recommend the work as unsurpassed by any, either in or out of the cities.

All we ask is an inspection of our work to convince those in want of any kind of vehicle, that this is the place to buy them.

REPAIRING in every branch done at short notice and on reasonable terms.

Give us a call, at our Factory, near the corner of Washington and Chambersburg streets, Gettysburg.

P. J. TATE. WM. E. CULP.

Mar. 19, 1863.

Money Saved

IS MONEY MADE.

CASH SYSTEM ADOPTED,
AND PRICES REDUCED!

The undersigned most respectfully invite their old customers and the public generally to call and see their Goods at the new prices. We have

A FULL AND WELL SELECTED STOCK,

which we have concluded to run off at the lowest possible prices. We intend doing what we say; therefore all persons desirous of making money in the easiest way (by saving it in their purchases) will not fail to give us a call, as we premise them they shall not be disappointed.

We are thankful for the past very liberal patronage we have received, and trust that we shall merit a continuation of the same; and MORE—as we shall use our best endeavors to please all who may favor us with a call,

☞ Don't forget the place.

DANNER & SHIELDS,
Fairfield, Adams county, Pa.

N. B.—We are Agents for Miller's Superior Family Flour, and Johnson's celebrated Blasting Powder. [Feb. 26, 1866. tf

Forwarding Business.

CULP & EARNSHAW'S LINE.

HAVING purchased the Warehouse and Cars heretofore owned by Samuel Herbst, the undersigned take pleasure in announcing to the public that they will run a

LINE OF FREIGHT CARS

from Gettysburg to Baltimore every week. They are prepared to convey Freight either way, in any quantity. They will attend, if desired, to the making of purchases in the city, and delivering the goods promptly at Gettysburg. Their cars run to the Warehouse of STEVENSON & SONS, 165 North Howard street, (near Franklin,) Baltimore, where freight will be received at any time. They invite the attention of the public to their line, assuring them that they will spare no effort to accommodate all who may patronize them.

Having purchased the buildings and lot on the Northeast corner of Railroad and North Washington streets, Gettysburg, their Depot will remain there. Any person having business in the forwarding line are respectfully invited to call. CULP & EARNSHAW.

Aug. 7, 1865.

Removal!

THE GETTYSBURG SKYLIGHT GALLERY.

THE undersigned takes pleasure in announcing to the citizens of Gettysburg and the public generally that he has removed from his old rooms on West Middle street, to Baltimore street, and nearly opposite the store of Fahnestock Brothers. The room he now occupies has been recently fitted up expressly for his business. The location is an admirable one, enabling him to take pictures in all shades of weather, and with a correctness unequalled any where else.

LIFE-LIKE PHOTOGRAPHS, of every size and description, executed in the finest style. Particular attention given to the CARTE DE VISITE, and to copying AMBROTYPES and DAGUERREOTYPES of deceased friends. Also—

THE GETTYSBURG GEMS,

a new style of picture, which has become very popular with the public, not only for their beauty, but for cheapness and convenience.—SIXTEEN for ONE DOLLAR only. Also—THE PORCELAIN PICTURES, which for their beauty and durability are unsurpassed.

We are prepared to carry on the business in all its various branches, and having had considerable experience we run no risk in GUARANTEEING PERFECT SATISFACTION.

Our facilities for a full display of our skill are unequalled by any other Gallery in the County, and we would therefore invite every one to call at the

NEW GETTYSBURG SKYLIGHT GALLERY.

Call and examine our Specimens and judge for yourselves. LEVI MUMPER.

June 25, 1866.

Kerosene & Gas Stoves.

TEA AND COFFEE BOILERS, GLUE POTS, OIL CANS, &c., &c.

☞ All the Cooking for a family may be done with Kerosene Oil, or Gas, with less trouble, and at less expense, than by any other fuel. ☜

Each Article manufactured by this Company is guaranteed to perform all that is claimed for it.

☞ Send for Circular. ☜
Liberal Discount to the trade.
KEROSENE LAMP HEATER CO.,
206 *Pearl Street, N. Y.*
July 16, 1866. $10

Coal and Lumber,

OF every variety, at the Yard of
C. H. BUEHLER,
Feb. 19. Cor. Carlisle and Railroad sts.

WE have just received a new assortment of Queensware, to which we invite the attention of buyers. A. SCOTT & SON.

BELL'S

Concentra'd Flavoring Extracts!

EQUAL to any in the market and superior to many, in larger bottles, and at old prices.

Wholesale agents for Baltimore,
BURROUGH BROS.,
Wholesale Druggists.

LIST.—Lemon, Orange, Vanilla, Rose, Peach, Nutmeg, Celery, Allspice, Cloves, Ginger, Birch, Cinnamon, Apple, Mulberry, Pine Apple, Banana, Mace, Raspberry, Pear, Pepper, Parsley, Strawberry, Bitter Almond, and Savory spices.

The great difficulty heretofore experienced in procuring true Flavoring Extracts, has induced the proprietor to spare no pains or expense in giving to the public an article which will be found true to its name, and which will in no instance be a source of disappointment.

It will be observed that our extract of Lemon and Orange is a prepared extract from the Peel, which any one may be convinced of by merely smelling them.

The price of Vanilla Beans, too, has caused more useless Extract of Vanilla to be manufactured and sold than any other essence; being either made from Tonka Beans, or some other fictitious compound. In our Extract we WILL GUARANTEE A PURE ARTICLE! made from the true Bean, without any foreign substance whatever.

Bell's Worm Syrup.

THE MOST INNOCENT, PLEASANT AND EFFICIENT REMEDY IN USE.—A REMEDY PERFECT IN ITSELF.—*No Castor Oil to be Taken.*—In this Preparation we have included such remedies only as have been tried for years and are known to possess powerful anthelmintic virtues, combined with mild aperients, pleasant aromatics and sugar. Anthelmintics of themselves cannot perform their peculiar functions or have the desired effect, unless the bowels are kept moderately open. To produce this, gentle purgatives are necessary and such only ought to be used that cannot interfere with the anthelmintic employed. The advantages we claim for this Syrup are:

1st. Its power of DESTROYING AND EXPELLING WORMS!

2d. Its mild aperient effect upon the bowels.

3d. Its pleasant taste and odor are advantages possessed or claimed by very few Vermifuges.

4th. Its harmless influence upon the system, consequently no injurious effects will result from its use should the patient have no Worms, but an apparent disease, arising from some other unknown cause, which is frequently the case.

The constituents of this Syrup and its effects are known to many Physicians, who are now using it in their practice to a large extent.

Price 25 cents a bottle.

The Greatest Liniment in Use.

BELL'S WHITE OIL!—*The Blandest, Cleanest, most Penetrating and most Economical Liniment in Use.*—A powerful Oleaginus Compound for the Speedy Cure of Rheumatism, Strains, Sprains, Wounds, Numbness of the Limbs, Frosted Feet and Hands, Spavin, Saddle Galls, Poll-Evil, Ring Bone, Bruises, Swellings of all kind, and in fact every disease for which an Embrocation is applicable, either in Man or Beast. Price 25 cents a bottle.—This preparation, which is original with us, will be found to be one of the nicest and at the same time one of the most reliable applications extant.

Having been employed very extensively since its introduction and feeling satisfied of its remedial properties, we recommend it with the utmost confidence, knowing that, no one will be disappointed in its use. It is, as its name implies, a white liniment of the consistency of cream, containing nothing offensive, but, on the contrary, will be found more pleasant than otherwise.

Bell's Alterative,

OR CONDITION POWDERS!
FOR HORSES, CATTLE & SWINE.

25 cents a paper, or five papers for $1.

The immense sale of these Powders during the short period they have been before the public, is a sufficient guarantee of their great popularity, and the decided benefits derived from their use.

They are confidently recommended not only as a preventive, but as a complete cure for all diseases incident to the HORSE, COW or HOG, as Loss of Appetite, Coughs, Heaves, Yellow Water, Distemper, Glanders, &c., &c.

By their use the Horse's Appetite is improved, all derangements of the digestive organs corrected, softening the skin, and giving to the coat a sleek and shining appearance, and may be used with perfect safety at all times, as it contains no ingredients which can injure a horse, whether sick or well.

They cleanse the breathing apparatus by ejecting from the air cells congulated matter, or that formation which so severely clogs them, causing a tightness in breathing, and by their peculiar action on that part, they cause the mucus membrane to resume its natural dimensions, thus equalizing the circulation of the blood and restoring the distended vessels to their natural size.

For fattening cattle they are invaluable, also possessing peculiar properties in increasing the quantity of milk in Cows, thereby giving them an importance and value which should place them within the hands of all interested.

All diseases to which the Hog is subject, as Coughs, Ulcers in the Lungs and Liver, and as a general purifier of the blood we guarantee their efficacy if once fairly tried.

☞ Sold at Gettysburg by A. D. Buehler Apothecary, and by Druggists and Storekeepers generally. Ask for Bell's Preparations.

Prepared exclusively by W. D. Bell, Apothecary, (Graduate of the Philadelphia College of Pharmacy,) West Washington St., Hagerstown, Md. [Oct. 16, 1865. 1y

Gettysburg Foundry.

THE subscriber would inform his customers and others, that he is still manufacturing various kinds of Castings and Machines, made to order, on short notice, such as

THRESHERS AND POWERS,

(five different sizes of Powers,) Clover-seed Hullers and Cleaners, Corn Shellers and Separators, Cornfodder Cutters, Straw and Hay Cutters; PLOUGHS, such as Cast Ploughs, Barshear Ploughs, Sidehill and Corn Ploughs; the

WIRE-SPRING HORSE RAKE,

the latest improvement; also Metal Screws for Cider Presses,

IRON RAILING

for Cemeteries or Porches, with everything else in his line, all at low prices.

FOR SALE.—A light Two-horse Wagon, a One-horse Wagon, and a Spring Wagon, all new. DAVID STERNER.

April 30, 1866. tf

Flour! Feed! and Groceries!

AT THE CHEAP STORE ON THE HILL. If you wish to buy any of the above articles cheaper and better than you can get them anywhere else, go to the Grocery Store of the undersigned on the Hill, in Baltimore street, where customers can always be accommodated, and where all are invited to call and see for themselves. The public will always find a full and choice assortment of

SUGARS, COFFEES, TEAS, SYRUPS, MOLASSES, TOBACCOS, CIGARS, SNUFFS, FISH, BACON, LARD, CHEESE, CRACKERS, BUTTER, EGGS, &c.

—ALSO—

GLASS-WARE, CROCKERY-WARE, NOTIONS, &c., COAL OIL LAMPS, FISH OIL, AND FLOUR AND FEED, ALWAYS ON HAND.

WANTED.—Flour, Corn, Oats, Butter, Eggs, Bacon, and Potatoes, for which the highest market price will be paid, either in trade or cash.

☞ Being determined to conduct my business in a fair and honorable way, and to sell cheap, I invite all to give me a call.

HENRY OVERDEER.

April 9, 1866. tf

ATTRACTING ATTENTION.—The superior Pictures taken at MUMPER'S SKYLIGHT GALLERY, on West Middle st., are attracting universal attention. Good judges pronounce them superior to any ever taken in this place. Call and examine for yourselves.

Jan. 16, 1865.

THE GREAT REDUCTION in prices at the EXCELSIOR, in York street, opposite the Bank, places the superior Pictures made at that old establishment within reach of all, and I trust no one will fail to avail themselves of the opportunity thus afforded. I. G. TYSON.

The Very Latest!

JACOBS & BROTHER.
MERCHANT TAILORS.
Cloths, Cassimeres and Vestings.

Just received from the city a splendid assortment of

GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS,

of every description. Suits made to order in the most fashionable and substantial manner. All work guaranteed to fit or no sale. Customers cannot fail to be pleased. Give us a call.

☞ P. S.—We are agents for the celebrated SINGER SEWING MACHINE, and always have the machines on hand and for sale. We can recommend them as being the best machines in use. JACOBS & BRO.

May 28, 1866.

Consumptives,

READ WHAT DR. SCHENCK IS DOING.

DR. J. H. SCHENCK—

DEAR SIR:—I feel it a duty I owe to you, and to all who are suffering under the diseases known to Consumption and Liver Complaint, to let them know what great benefits I have received from your Pulmonic Syrup and Seaweed Tonic in so short a time. By the blessing of God it has cured me thus far.

Dr. Schenck, I will now make my statement to you as follows: About eighteen months ago I was attacked with a severe cough, and it settled on my lungs: I could not retain anything I ate, and suffered with evening fevers and night sweats. I was very much reduced. The whites of my eyes were very yellow; likewise my skin; my appetite all gone, and unable to digest what I did eat; bowels swollen, irregular and costive. I was very low spirited, and had such violent spells of coughing when I laid down at night and when I arose in the morning that they would last one or two hours.

I then would be nearly exhausted, and was entirely unable to lie on my left side. I cannot describe my wretched suffering as I would wish to do. Every organ in my body was diseased or deranged. Such was my situation at this time, and I was confined to my bed from the last of February, 1862, to June, 1862, not able to sit up. I had the best of medical attendance the whole of the time. My cough was so very bad that it racked me very much. At this time raised a large quantity of thick yellow, offensive matter, sometimes with blood, and it was generally accompanied by nausea and a furred and thick coated tongue. At the time of coughing so badly I would have sharp, shooting pains in my left side and heart, night sweats, and soreness all through my whole chest; had much inward fever, pain in my back and under my shoulder blades and in the small of my back, and at times so severe that it would throw me into spasms. Now my physician gave me up to die. Others I had, and the best of them, but they could do nothing for me, and at that time I was nothing but skin and bones. I then was in the western part of Missouri. In June last we left there for the East, and in August last we came to New York, and I was so reduced that I could only walk a little with my husband's help.—After I had been here a short time the salt water breeze made me feel much better for a time and then I had again to call a physician for aid. We had four of the best physicians of New York on the diseases of the lungs, and doctors of all kinds, but of no avail. They said I was past cure, and that my lungs were too far gone for any one to cure me. But at this time I was on my feet about the house, not able to do much of anything. In November last I grew worse, and the consumption diarrhœa set in and lasted about eight weeks. We had tried all and everything that I could grasp of like a dying person for my diseases—consumption and liver complaint—but of no avail.

In January, 1863, I was brought down again on my bed, and was not expected to live the night out. My husband stayed at my side, and other friends, and they all gave me up to die. At this time every one who saw me did not think I would ever leave my bed a living woman. The first night I was attacked with spasms, and was deranged most of the time.—A friend, Mrs. Harris, came to see me the last of the week, and brought